

Commission Chair Scott Haggerty, Supervisor – District 1

Commission Vice Chair Rebecca Kaplan, Councilmember

AC Transit Elsa Ortiz, Director

Alameda County Supervisors Richard Valle – District 2 Wilma Chan – District 3 Nate Miley – District 4 Keith Carson – District 5

BART Thomas Blalock, Director

City of Alameda Marilyn Ezzy Ashcraft, Vice Mayor

City of Albany Peggy Thomsen, Mayor

City of Berkeley Laurie Capitelli, Councilmember

City of Dublin Tim Sbranti, Mayor

City of Emeryville Ruth Atkin, Councilmember

City of Fremont Suzanne Chan, Councilmember

City of Hayward Marvin Peixoto, Councilmember

City of Livermore John Marchand, Mayor

City of Newark Luis Freitas, Councilmember

City of Oakland Larry Reid, Vice Mayor

City of Piedmont John Chiang, Mayor

City of Pleasanton Jerry Thorne, Mayor

City of San Leandro Michael Gregory, Vice Mayor

City Of Union City Carol Dutra-Vernaci, Mayor

Executive Director Arthur L. Dao

Alameda County Transportation Commission meeting as a committee of the whole as the

FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE

MEETING NOTICE Monday, April 8, 2013, 1:00 P.M.

1333 Broadway, Suite 300, Oakland, California 94612 (see map on last page of agenda)

Chair: Vice Chair:

Members:

John Chiang Tom Blalock

Marilyn Ezzy- Ashcraft Jerry Thorne

Peggy Thomsen Richard Valle

Rebecca Kaplan

Scott Haggerty

Staff Liaisons: Executive Director: Clerk of the Commission:

Ex-Officio Members:

Patricia Reavey Arthur L. Dao Vanessa Lee

AGENDA

Copies of Individual Agenda Items are Available on the: Alameda CTC Website -- www.AlamedaCTC.org

ROLL CALL

1

2

4

PUBLIC COMMENT

Members of the public may address the Committee during "Public Comment" on any item not on the agenda. Public comment on an agenda item will be heard when that item is before the Committee. Only matters within the Committee's jurisdictions may be addressed. Anyone wishing to comment should make their desire known by filling out a speaker card and handling it to the Clerk of the Please wait until the Chair calls your name. Commission. Walk to the microphone when called; give your name, and your comments. Please be brief and limit comments to the specific subject under discussion. Please limit your comment to three minutes.

CONSENT CALENDAR 3

3A. Minutes of March 8, 2013 - Page 1

A

REGULAR MATTERS

- 4A. Approval of the Alameda CTC Investment Policy – Page 3 A
- 4B. Approval of the Creation of an Alameda CTC Other A Postemployment Benefits Trust through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust and Delegate the Authority to Request Disbursements from that Trust-Page 17

5 COM	MITTEE MEMBER REPORTS (VERBAL)	Ι
6 STAF	FF REPORT (VERBAL)	Ι
7 ADJC	DURNMENT/NEXT MEETING: May 13 , 2013	Ι

Key: A- Action Item; I – Information Item

(#) All items on the agenda are subject to action and/or change by the Committee.

PLEASE DO NOT WEAR SCENTED PRODUCTS SO INDIVIDUALS WITH ENVIRONMENTAL SENSITIVITIES MAY ATTEND

Alameda County Transportation Commission 1333 Broadway, Suites 220 & 300, Oakland, CA 94612 (510) 208-7400 (New Phone Number) (510) 836-2185 Fax (Suite 220) (510) 893-6489 Fax (Suite 300) www.alamedactc.org



FINANCE AND ADMINISTRATION COMMITTEE MINUTES OF MARCH 11, 2013 OAKLAND, CA

Vice Chair Blalock convened the meeting at 1:00PM.

1 Roll Call

Lee conducted a roll call. A quorum was confirmed.

2 Public Comment

There was no public comment.

3 Consent calendar

3A. Minutes of February 11, 2013

Vice Mayor Ashcraft requested that staff reflect her questions regarding the amount of respondents to the legal services contract on Item 4C in the February 11, 2013 meeting minutes. Staff replied to her questions by stating that Wendel Rosen was the only respondent to the RFP.

Mayor Thomsen motioned to approve the Consent Calendar. Supervisor Valle seconded the motion. The motion passed 7-0.

4 **Regular Matters**

4A. Approval of an Amendment to the Fiscal Year 2012-2013 Professional Services Agreement with Koff & Associates for Human Resource Consulting Services

Art Dao recommended that the Commission approve an amendment to the existing professional services agreement with Koff & Associates to increase the agreement budget in a not-to-exceed amount of \$4,610 for additional human resource services required through June 30, 2013. Mr. Dao stated that the amendment was needed to provide HR administration and employee relations services and to assist in the transition of benefits administration to the Office Supervisor.

Director McPartland motioned to approve this Item. Supervisor Valle seconded the motion. The motion passed 7-0.

4B. Approval of a Proposed Update to the Fiscal Year 2012-2013 Consolidated Budget for the Alameda CTC

Patricia Reavey recommended that the Commission approve the Proposed update to the Consolidated Budget for FY2012-13. Ms. Reavey stated that the budget update included revenues and expenditures used to produce the vital programs and planning projects in Alameda County as well as fund and deliver significant capital projects that can expand access and improve mobility throughout the County. She reviewed revenue and expenditures adjustments for the general fund, Special Revenue Funds, Exchange Fund, and Capital Projects Funds including ACCMA, ACTIA and ACTA. Ms. Reavey concluded by stating that the proposed update to the budget would provide additional resources of \$8.0 million and authorize additional expenditures of \$99.9 million.

Vice Mayor Ashcraft wanted information on the external financing sources staff will use for ACTIA. Ms. Reavey stated that staff will work with financial advisors to pinpoint the type of external funding that will be pursued.

Vice Mayor Ashcraft questioned what happens if the ACTA loan to ACCMA cannot be repaid. Ms. Reavey stated that repayment should not be an issue as all ACCMA project work is funded on a reimbursement basis.

Vice Mayor Ashcraft wanted clarification on the increase of \$0.1 million for the I-580 Castro Valley Interchange. Mr. Dao stated that this increase was due to a contract that required the Alameda CTC to maintain the plants that were planted along the interchange.

Vice Mayor Ashcraft wanted clarification on the design work that was mentioned in regards to the I-580 corridor. Mr. Dao stated that the corridor has several components that may require scope changes, which subsequently result in budget adjustments.

Supervisor Valle motioned to approve this Item. Supervisor Haggerty seconded the motion. The motion passed 7-0.

4C. Approval of Paperless Distribution of Alameda CTC Meeting Packets

Art Dao recommended that the Commission approve paperless distribution of Commission, Committee and Subcommittee meeting packets. He stated that this action will result in significant cost reductions as well as increased staff productivity.

Vice Mayor Ashcraft recommended that staff research a meeting preparation software called iLegislate. Supervisor Haggerty motioned to approve this Item. Director McPartland seconded the motion. The motion passed 6-0.

5/6. COMMITTEE MEMBER REPORTS (VERBAL)

There were no Committee or Staff Member Reports.

7. ADJOURNMENT: Next Meeting – February 11, 2013

The meeting ended at 1:40pm. The next meeting will be held on February 11, 2013.

Attested by:

ee Vanessa Lee

Clerk of the Commission



Memorandum

DATE:	March 27, 2013
то:	Finance and Administration Committee
FROM:	Patricia M. Reavey, Director of Finance Art Dao, Executive Director

SUBJECT: Approval of the Alameda CTC Investment Policy

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Commission approve the attached Alameda CTC Investment Policy effective April 2013. This Policy will replace the ACTIA and ACCMA policies, which currently guide Alameda CTC's investments.

Summary

The proposed investment policy was developed in accordance with the California Government Code in order to define parameters and guide staff and investment advisors in managing Alameda CTC's investment portfolio. The policy formalizes the framework for Alameda CTC's investment activities that must be exercised to ensure effective and prudent fiscal and investment management of Alameda CTC's funds. The guidelines are intended to be broad enough to allow the staff and the investment advisors to function properly within the parameters of responsibility and authority, yet specific enough to adequately safeguard the investment assets. The primary objectives in order of priority of the investment activities within the policy are to safeguard Alameda CTC assets by mitigating credit and interest rate risk, provide adequate liquidity to meet all operating requirements of Alameda CTC, and to attain a market rate of return on investment taking into account the investment risk constraints of safety and liquidity needs. Through the proposed investment policy, the Commission appoints the Executive Director and the Director of Finance as Investment Officers who will be responsible for the investment program of the Alameda CTC and will act responsibly as custodians of the public trust.

The policy allows Alameda CTC to engage the services of investment advisors to assist in the management of the investment portfolio. The investment advisors would be allowed to purchase and sell investment securities in accordance with this investment policy and the California Government Code and must be registered under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940 or operate under the fiduciary exemption from the Security and Exchange Commission. The investment advisor will not maintain custody of Alameda CTC cash or assets. A third party bank custodian will hold Alameda CTC cash and assets in the name of Alameda CTC. Investment advisors also will be required to use a competitive process in selecting broker/dealers for each transaction.

The policy requires the Investment Officers to design internal controls around investments that would prevent the loss of public funds from fraud, employee error, misrepresentation by third

parties, unanticipated changes in financial markets or imprudent actions by employees and officers of the Alameda CTC. It also allows the Investment Officers to periodically reset performance benchmarks to reflect changing investment objectives and constraints as Alameda CTC heads into a period of external financing need which has brought the maturity of the portfolio into a very short timeframe based on projected liquidity needs.

Discussion

Some of the key changes to the investment policy from that of the Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority (ACTIA) relate to the minimum credit quality rating required on some authorized investments, including obligations of the State of California or that of the other 49 states, medium-term notes, and negotiable certificates of deposit. The Alameda County Congestion Management Agency's (ACCMA) investment policy did not have a minimum credit rating requirement beyond that of the California Government Code. Authorized investment types that required a minimum rating in the AA category have been changed to a minimum rating requirement in the A category in line with the requirements of the California Government Code. This change was made to reflect a change that Standard and Poor's and Moody's have implemented in the way they assign credit ratings. This methodology change caused nearly an across the board downgrade in many different investment type categories. The downgrades are more a function of the change in rating methodology than of changes in the financial condition of the issuers; therefore management, along with our investment advisors, believes that this change will not increase the risk in Alameda CTC's investment portfolio.

Attachment(s)

Attachment A: Alameda CTC Investment Policy April 2013

Alameda County Transportation Commission

Investment Policy April 2013

I. Introduction

The intent of the Investment Policy of the Alameda County Transportation Commission (Alameda CTC) is to define the parameters within which funds are to be managed. The policy formalizes the framework for Alameda CTC's investment activities that must be exercised to ensure effective and prudent fiscal and investment management of Alameda CTC's funds. The guidelines are intended to be broad enough to allow Alameda CTC's Investment Officers (as defined below) to function properly within the parameters of responsibility and authority, yet specific enough to adequately safeguard the investment assets.

II. Governing Authority

The investment program shall be operated in conformance with federal, state, and other legal requirements, including the California Government Code.

III. Scope

This policy applies to activities of Alameda CTC with regard to investing the financial assets of all funds (except bond funds and retirement funds). In addition, any funds held by trustees or fiscal agents are excluded from these rules; however, all such funds are subject to regulations established by the State of California.

Note that any excluded funds such as employee retirement funds, proceeds from certain bond issues and Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) trust assets are covered by separate policies.

IV. General Objectives

The primary objectives, in order of priority, of investment activities shall be:

1. Safety

Safety of principal is the foremost objective of the investment program. Investments shall be undertaken in a manner that seeks to ensure the preservation of capital in the overall portfolio. The goal will be to mitigate credit and interest rate risk.

2. Liquidity

The investment portfolio shall remain sufficiently liquid to meet all operating requirements that may be reasonably anticipated.

3. Return

The investment portfolio shall be designed with the objective of attaining a market rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles, taking into account the investment risk contraints of safety and liquidity needs.

V. Standard of Care

1. Prudence

The standard of prudence to be used by investment officials shall be the "prudent investor" standard (California Government Code Section 53600.3) and shall be applied in the context of managing an overall portfolio. Investment Officers acting in accordance with written procedures and the investment policy and exercising due diligence shall be relieved of personal responsibility for an individual security's credit risk or market price changes, provided deviations from expectations are reported in a timely fashion and appropriate action is taken to control adverse developments.

"When investing, reinvesting, purchasing, acquiring, exchanging, selling, or managing public funds, a trustee shall act with care, skill, prudence, and diligence under the circumstances then prevailing, including, but not limited to, the general economic conditions and the anticipated needs of the agency, that a prudent person acting in a like capacity and familiarity with those matters would use in the conduct of funds of a like character and with like aims, to safeguard the principal and maintain the liquidity needs of the agency. Within the limitations of this section and considering individual investments as part of an overall strategy, investments may be acquired as authorized by law."

2. Delegation of Authority and Responsibilities

<u>Responsibilities of the Commission</u> - The Commission, in its role as Alameda CTC's governing body, will retain ultimate fiduciary responsibility for the portfolios. They will receive quarterly reports for review, designate Investment Officers and annually review and adopt the investment policy.

The Commission hereby designates the Executive Director and the Director of Finance, as Treasurer, as the Investment Officers.

<u>Responsibilities of the Investment Officers</u> - The Investment Officers are jointly responsible for the operation of the investment program. The Investment Officers shall act in accordance with written procedures and internal controls for the operation of the investment program consistent with the Investment Policy. The Investment Officers will prepare quarterly investment reports and other special reports as may be deemed necessary. All participants in the investment process shall seek to act responsibly as custodians of the public trust. No officer may engage in an investment transaction except as provided under the terms of this policy and supporting procedures.

<u>Responsibilities of the Investment Advisor</u> - Alameda CTC may engage the services of one or more external investment advisors to assist in the management of the investment portfolio in a manner consistent with Alameda CTC's objectives. Investment advisors may be granted discretion to purchase and sell investment securities in accordance with this Investment Policy and the California Government Code and must be registered under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940 or be a bank, regulated by the Office of the Comptroller of the Currency (OCC) or Federal Reserve operating under the fiduciary exemption from the Security and Exchange Commission. Any investment advisor shall be required to prepare and provide comprehensive reports on Alameda CTC's investments on a monthly and quarterly basis, and as requested by Alameda CTC's Investment Officers. At no time shall the investment advisor maintain custody of Alameda CTC cash or assets.

Responsibilities of the Custodian - A third party bank custodian shall hold Alameda CTC cash and assets under management by any investment advisor in the name of Alameda CTC. The custodian shall receive direction from the investment advisor on settlement of investment transactions.

VI. Selection of Financial Institutions and Broker/Dealers

Alameda CTC's procedures are designed to encourage competitive bidding on transactions from an approved list of broker/dealers in order to provide for the best execution on transactions.

The Investment Officer, or the investment advisors, shall maintain a list of authorized broker/dealers and financial institutions that are approved for investment purposes. This list will be developed after a process of due diligence confirming that the firms qualify under the Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15C3-1 (uniform net capital rule). Alameda CTC shall purchase securities only from authorized institutions or firms.

The Investment Officer, or the investment advisor, shall obtain competitive bid information on all purchases of investment instruments purchased on the secondary market. A competitive bid can be executed through a bidding process involving at least three separate brokers/financial institutions or through the use of a nationally recognized trading platform.

VII. Safekeeping and Custody

1. Delivery vs. Payment

All trades of marketable securities will be executed on a delivery vs. payment (DVP) basis to ensure that securities are deposited in Alameda CTC's safekeeping institution prior to the release of funds.

2. Third-Party Safekeeping

Securities will be held by an independent third-party safekeeping institution selected by Alameda CTC's Investment Officers. All securities will be evidenced by safekeeping receipts in Alameda CTC's name. The safekeeping institution shall annually provide a copy of its most recent report on internal controls – Service Organization Control Reports (formerly SAS 70) prepared in accordance with the Statement on Standards for Attestation Engagements (SSAE) No. 16 (effective June 15, 2011.)

3. Internal Controls

The Investment Officers are responsible for establishing, maintaining and documenting an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of Alameda CTC are protected from loss, theft or misuse. The controls shall be designed to prevent the loss of public funds arising from fraud, employee error, misrepresentation by third parties, unanticipated changes in financial markets, or imprudent actions by employees and officers Alameda CTC.

VIII. Authorized Investments

The following investments will be permitted by this policy and are those authorized in the California Government Code.

- 1. United States Treasury notes, bonds, bills, or certificates of indebtedness, or those for which the faith and credit of the United States are pledged for the payment of principal and interest.
 - a. Maximum maturity: 5 years
 - b. Maximum percent of portfolio: 100%
- 2. Federal agency or United States government-sponsored enterprise obligations, participations, or other instruments, including those issued by or fully guaranteed as to principal and interest by federal agencies or United States government-sponsored enterprises.
 - a. Maximum maturity: 5 years
 - b. Maximum percent of portfolio: 100%
 - c. Type: Senior debt obligations
 - d. Maximum per issuer: 35%
- 3. Repurchase Agreements used solely as short-term investments.

The following collateral restrictions will be observed: Only U.S. Treasury securities or Federal Agency securities, as described in VIII 1 and 2, will be acceptable collateral. All securities underlying Repurchase Agreements must be delivered to Alameda CTC's custodian bank versus payment or be handled under

a tri-party repurchase agreement. The total of all collateral for each Repurchase Agreement must equal or exceed, on the basis of market value plus accrued interest, 102 percent of the total dollar value of the money invested by Alameda CTC for the term of the investment. Since the market value of the underlying securities is subject to daily market fluctuations, the investments in repurchase agreements shall be in compliance if the value of the underlying securities is brought back up to 102 percent no later than the next business day. For any Repurchase Agreement with a term of more than one day, the value of the underlying securities must be reviewed on a regular basis.

Market value must be calculated each time there is a substitution of collateral.

Alameda CTC or its trustee shall have a perfected first security interest under the Uniform Commercial Code in all securities subject to Repurchase Agreement.

Alameda CTC may enter into Repurchase Agreements with (1) primary dealers in U.S. Government securities who are eligible to transact business with, and who report to, the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, and (2) California and non-California banking institutions having assets in excess of \$25 billion and having debt rated in the highest short-term rating category as provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

Alameda CTC will enter into a Master Repurchase Agreement, substantially in the form approved by the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) and by Alameda CTC's counsel, with each firm with which it enters into Repurchase Agreements.

- a. Maximum maturity: 90 days
- b. Maximum percent of portfolio: 20%
- 4. Obligations of the State of California or any local agency within the state, including bonds payable solely out of revenues from a revenue-producing property owned, controlled or operated by the state or any local agency or by a department, board, agency or authority of the state or any local agency.
 - a. Maximum maturity: 5 years
 - b. Maximum percent of portfolio: 10%
 - c. Minimum credit quality: A- (S&P); or A3 (Moody's); or A- (Fitch)
 - d. Maximum per issuer: 5%
- 5. Registered treasury notes or bonds of any of the other 49 states in addition to California, including bonds payable solely out of revenues from a revenue-

producing property owned, controlled or operated by the state or by a department, board, agency or authority of any of the other 49 states, in addition to California.

- a. Maximum maturity: 5 years
- b. Maximum percent of portfolio: 10%
- c. Minimum credit quality: A- (S&P); or A3 (Moody's): or A- (Fitch)
- d. Maximum per issuer: 5%
- 6. Bankers' Acceptances, otherwise known as bills of exchange or time drafts which are drawn on and accepted by a commercial bank.
 - a. Maximum maturity: 180 days
 - b. Maximum percent of portfolio: 40%
 - c. Minimum credit quality: A1 (S&P); or P1 (Moody's); or F1 (Fitch)
 - d. Maximum per issuer: 5%
- 7. Commercial paper rated in the highest short-term rating category, as provided by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The entity that issues the commercial paper shall meet all of the following conditions: (a) is organized and operating in the United States as a general corporation; (b) has total assets in excess of five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000); and (c) has debt other than commercial paper, if any, that is rated "A" or higher by a nationally recognized statistical-rating organization.
 - a. Maximum maturity: 270 days
 - b. Maximum percent of portfolio: 25%
 - c. Minimum credit quality: A1 (S&P); or P1 (Moody's); or F1 (Fitch)
 - d. Maximum per issuer: 5%
- 8. Medium-term notes, defined as all corporate and depository institution debt securities with a maximum remaining maturity of five years or less, issued by corporations organized and operating within the United States or by depository institutions licensed by the U.S. or any state and operating within the U.S. Medium-term corporate notes shall be rated a minimum of "A" or its equivalent by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.
 - a. Maximum maturity: 5 years
 - b. Maximum percent of portfolio: 30%
 - c. Minimum credit quality: A- (S&P); or A3 (Moody's); or A- (Fitch)
 - d. Maximum per issuer: 5%

- 9. FDIC insured or fully collateralized time certificates of deposit in financial institutions located in California.
 - a. Maximum maturity: 1 year
 - b. Maximum percent of portfolio: 10%
 - c. Maximum per issuer: 5%
- 10. Negotiable certificates of deposit or deposit notes issued by a nationally or statechartered bank, a savings association or a federal association, a state or federal credit union, or by a federally licensed or state-licensed branch of a foreign bank.
 - a. Maximum maturity: 3 years
 - b. Maximum percent of portfolio: 30%
 - c. Minimum credit quality: A- (S&P); or A3 (Moody's); or A- (Fitch)
 - d. Maximum per issuer: 5%
- 11. State of California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)

Although LAIF may invest in securities not permitted in the Alameda CTC's Investment Policy, such investments shall not exclude LAIF from the Alameda CTC's list of eligible investments, provided that LAIF's periodic reports allow the Investment Officer to adequately assess the risk inherent in LAIF's portfolio. Funds invested in LAIF will follow LAIF policies and procedures.

a. Maximum percent of portfolio: as determined by LAIF

The LAIF portfolio shall be reviewed annually in order to monitor its continuing suitability as an investment option for the Alameda CTC.

- 12. The California Asset Management Program (CAMP)
 - a. Maximum percent of portfolio: 5%

The CAMP shall be reviewed annually in order to monitor its continuing suitability as an investment option for Alameda CTC. Funds invested in CAMP will follow CAMP policies and procedures.

13. Shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies that are money market funds registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (15 U.S.C. Sec. 80a-1, et seq.). To be eligible for investment pursuant to this subdivision, these companies shall either: (1) attain the highest ranking or the highest letter and numerical rating provided by not less than two nationally recognized statistical rating

organizations; or (2) retain an investment advisor registered or exempt from registration with the Securities and Exchange Commission with not less than five years experience managing money market mutual funds with assets under management in excess of five hundred million dollars (\$500,000,000).

- a. Maximum percent of portfolio: 20%
- b. Maximum per fund: 5%
- c. Minimum rating: AAAm (S&P); or Aaa-mf (Moody's); AAAmmf (Fitch)

Important Notes:

- a) The percentage limitation for all categories of investments refers to the percentage in the overall Alameda CTC portfolio on the date the security or shares are purchased.
- b) If the credit rating of a security is downgraded below the minimum required rating level for a new investment of that security type subsequent to its purchase, the investment advisor shall promptly notify the Investment Officer. The Investment Officer shall evaluate the downgrade on a case-by-case basis in order to determine if the security should be held or sold. The Investment Officer will apply the general objectives of safety, liquidity, yield and legality to make the decision.

IX. Ineligible Investments

Any security type or structure not specifically approved by this policy is hereby specifically prohibited. Security types which are thereby prohibited include, but are not limited to:

- 1. "Complex" derivative structures such as range notes, dual index notes, inverse floaters, leveraged or de-leveraged floating-rate notes, or any other complex variable-rate or structured note;
- 2. Interest-only strips that are derived from a pool of mortgages, or any security that could result in zero interest accrual if held to maturity;
- 3. Mortgage-backed pass-through securities;
- 4. Other mortgage-backed securities;
- 5. Collateralized mortgage obligations; and
- 6. Asset-backed securities.

X. Investment Parameters

- Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that a security or a portfolio will lose some or all of its value due to a real or perceived change in the ability of the issuer to repay its debt. The diversification requirements included in Section VIII are designed to mitigate credit risk. Alameda CTC shall additionally mitigate credit risk by adopting the following diversification strategies:
 - a. Avoiding overconcentration in any one issuer or business sector;
 - b. Limiting investments in securities with higher credit risks;
 - c. Investing in securities with varying maturities; and
 - d. Maintaining a portion of the portfolio in a highly liquid investment such as LAIF
- 2. Market Risk Market risk is the risk that the portfolio will fluctuate due to changes in the general level of interest rates. Alameda CTC recognizes that, over time, longer-term portfolios have the potential to achieve higher returns. On the other hand, longer-term portfolios have higher volatility of return. Alameda CTC shall mitigate market risk by providing adequate liquidity for short-term cash needs, and by making some longer-term investments only with funds that are not needed for current cash flow purposes. Alameda CTC further recognizes that certain types of securities, including variable rate securities, securities with principal paydowns prior to maturity, and securities with embedded options, will affect the market risk profile of the portfolio differently in different interest rate environments. Alameda CTC, therefore, adopts the following strategies to control and mitigate its exposure to market risk:
 - a. Alameda CTC shall maintain a minimum of three months of budgeted operating expenditures in short term investments to provide sufficient liquidity for expected disbursements;
 - b. The maximum percent of callable securities in the portfolio shall be 15%;
 - c. The maximum stated final maturity of individual securities in the portfolio shall be five years, except as otherwise stated in this policy;
 - d. Liquidity funds will be held in LAIF or in money market instruments maturing within one year or less;
 - e. Longer term/Core funds will be defined as the funds in excess of liquidity requirements. The investments in this portion of the portfolio will have

maturities between 1 day and 5 years and will only be invested in higher quality and liquid securities; and

- f. The duration of the portfolio shall at all times be approximately equal to the duration of a Market Benchmark Index selected by Alameda CTC based on Alameda CTC's investment objectives, constraints and risk tolerances, plus or minus 10%.
- 3. Maximum percentages for a particular issuer or investment type may be exceeded at a point in time subsequent to the purchase of a particular issuer or investment type. Securities need not be liquidated to realign the portfolio; however, consideration should be given to this matter when future purchases are made to ensure that appropriate diversification is maintained.

XI. Performance and Program Evaluation

The investment portfolio will be managed in accordance with the parameters specified within this policy. The portfolio should obtain a market average rate of return during a market/economic environment of stable interest rates. A series of appropriate benchmarks shall be established against which portfolio performance shall be compared on a regular basis. The benchmarks shall be reflective of the actual securities being purchased and risks undertaken and the benchmarks shall have a similar weighted average maturity and credit profile commensurate with investment risk constraints and liquidity needs of Alameda CTC.

Alameda CTC may periodically update the performance benchmarks to reflect current investment objectives and constraints and shall communicate such changes to the investment advisor.

Alameda CTC Investment Policy April 2013

Appendix I

AUTHORIZED INVESTMENTS SUMMARY TABLE

INVESTMENT	% OF PORTFOLIO	XTFOLIO	PURCHASE RESTRICTIONS	MAX MAT	MAXIMUM MATURITY	MIN CREDIT	MINIMUM CREDIT QUALITY
	Per Cal. Gov't Code	Alameda CTC Policy	Alameda CTC Policy	Per Cal. Gov't Code	Alameda CTC Policy	Per Cal. Gov't Code	Alameda CTC Policy
US. Treasury Notes, Bonds, Bills or Certificates of Indebtedness	100%	100%	None	5 years	5 years	ΥN	NA
Federal or U.S. Sponsored Obligations fully guaranteed by Federal Agencies or U.S. Government Sponsored Enterprises	100%	100%	Max 35% per issuer	5 years	5 years	ΥN	Senior Debt
Repurchase Agreements	ΝΑ	20%	Strict collateral requirements; Master Repurchase Agreement	1 year	90 days	ΥN	NA
State of California and California Local Agency Bonds	NA	10%	Max 5% per issuer	5 years	5 years	ΝA	A- (S&P) or A3 (Moodys) or A- (Fitch)
Bonds of any of the other 49 states in addition to California	NA	10%	Max 5% per issuer	5 years	5 years	ΥN	A- (S&P) or A3 (Moodys) or A- (Fitch)
Bankers' Acceptances	40%	40%	Max 5% per issuer	180 days	180 days	NA	Al or Pl or Fl

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April 2013
Policy
Investment
CTC
Alameda

INVESTMENT	% OF PORTFOLIO	XTFOLIO	PURCHASE RESTRICTIONS	MAX MATI	MAXIMUM MATURITY	MIN CREDIT	MINIMUM CREDIT QUALITY
	Per Cal. Gov't Code	Alameda CTC Policy	Alameda CTC Policy	Per Cal. Gov't Code	Alameda CTC Policy	Per Cal. Gov't Code	Alameda CTC Policy
Commercial paper of US corporations with total assets exceeding \$500,000,000	25%	25%	Max 5% of outstanding paper of any single issuer & max 5% of portfolio of any one issuer	270 days	270 days	A1 or P1 or F1	Al or Pl or Fl Al or Pl or Fl
Medium Term Corporate Notes of U.S. Corporations	30%	30%	Max 5% per issuer	Max 5 years	5 years	Y	A- (S&P) or A3 (Moodys) or A- (Fitch)
California Collateralized Time Deposits	NA	10%	Max 5% per issuer	NA	1 year	NA	NA
Negotiable Certificate of Deposits	30%	30%	Max 5% per issuer	5 years	3 years	NA	A- (S&P) or A3 (Moodys) or A- (Fitch)
State of California- Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	NA	NA	As limited by LAIF (currently \$50 million)	NA	NA	NA	NA
California Asset Management Program	NA	5%	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Shares of Beneficial Interests (Money Market Funds)	20%	20%	Max 5% per fund		N/A	ААА	AAAm (S&P) or Aaa-mf (Moodys) or AAAmmf (Fitch)



Memorandum

DATE: March 27, 2013

TO: Finance and Administration Committee

FROM:Patricia M. Reavey, Director of FinanceArt Dao, Executive Director

SUBJECT:Approval of the Creation of an Alameda CTC Other Postemployment
Benefit Trust through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust
and Delegate the Authority to Request Disbursements from that Trust

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Commission approve:

- 1. The creation of an Alameda CTC Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) trust through the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) administered by CalPERS and the transfer of the balances in the currently active Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority (ACTIA) and Alameda County Congestion Management Agency (ACCMA) trusts into the newly created Alameda CTC trust and
- 2. The delegation of authority to request disbursements from the newly created Alameda CTC CERBT trust to the Executive Director and the Director of Finance (see attachment B).

Summary

As one of the steps in the merger of the ACTIA and the ACCMA, Alameda CTC needs to create a new trust to accumulate and prefund other postemployment benefits in the name of Alameda CTC and transfer the balances in the two separate currently active trusts into the new Alameda CTC trust. ACTIA set up a trust through the Community Bank of the Bay in 2005 and ACCMA set up the CERBT trust with CalPERS in 2007 to prefund postemployment benefits in response to the Government Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) statement number 45 establishing measurement standards and requiring state and local government employers to include postemployment benefit liabilities on their annual financial statements and allowing the establishment of a trust to accumulate funds to pay for or to prefund these benefits. In essence, GASB statement no. 45 made the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for OPEB much the same as the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for OPEB much the same as the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for OPEB much the same as the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for OPEB much the same as the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for OPEB much the same as the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for OPEB much the same as the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for OPEB much the same as the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for OPEB much the same as the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for OPEB much the same as the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for OPEB much the same as the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for DPEB much the same as the reporting requirements and accounting treatment for pensions. It is recommended that the Alameda CTC move forward with one consolidated trust with the CERBT and delegating the authority to request disbursements from that trust to the designated positions.

Discussion

There are several reasons why staff believes that the CERBT trust is the best OPEB trust option for the Alameda CTC. The CERBT trust reduces Alameda CTC's fiduciary responsibility as staff would not be required to establish internal trustees made up of staff or Commission members. It also is actively managed by investment professionals and offers three different risk levels of investment

strategies with varying levels of projected return ranging from 6.39 percent to 7.61 percent from which the Alameda CTC can choose based on its comfort level and goals for the trust. Reporting requirements are also minimized for Alameda CTC as CalPERS does the required financial reporting for the overall trust. The Alameda CTC would only need to include the required footnote information in its annual financial statements as it currently does for the ACCMA's CERBT trust. CalPERS has very straightforward administrative procedures in which the Alameda CTC staff has experience dealing with while administering the ACCMA trust over the last couple of years. Since its inception in 2007, the CERBT has proven to be a very low cost choice for OPEB trusts. Over 300 California public employers have chosen the CERBT for their OPEB trust funds to date.

Fiscal Impact

There is no direct financial impact to the Alameda CTC's budget if this item is approved, however the CERBT trust has the potential to save the agency money if the CERBT trust out performs the current ACTIA OPEB trust with Community Bank of the Bay and can save staff time administratively through the reduction of investment management and reporting requirements.

Attachment

Attachment A: CERBT Sample OPEB Trust AgreementAttachment B: Resolution – Delegation of Authority to Request Disbursements

CALIFORNIA EMPLOYERS' RETIREE BENEFIT TRUST PROGRAM ("CERBT")

AGREEMENT AND ELECTION OF

(NAME OF EMPLOYER)

TO PREFUND OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT **BENEFITS THROUGH CalPERS**

WHEREAS (1) Government Code Section 22940 establishes in the State Treasury the Annuitants' Health Care Coverage Fund for the prefunding of health care coverage for annuitants (Prefunding Plan); and

WHEREAS (2) The California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) Board of Administration (Board) has sole and exclusive control and power over the administration and investment of the Prefunding Plan (sometimes also referred to as CERBT), the purposes of which include, but are not limited to (i) receiving contributions from participating employers and establishing separate Employer Prefunding Accounts in the Prefunding Plan for the performance of an essential governmental function (ii) investing contributed amounts and income thereon, if any, in order to receive yield on the funds and (iii) disbursing contributed amounts and income thereon, if any, to pay for costs of administration of the Prefunding Plan and to pay for health care costs or other post employment benefits in accordance with the terms of participating employers' plans; and

WHEREAS (3) ______(NAME OF EMPLOYER)

(Employer) desires to participate in the Prefunding Plan upon the terms and conditions set by the Board and as set forth herein; and

WHEREAS (4) Employer may participate in the Prefunding Plan upon (i) approval by the Board and (ii) filing a duly adopted and executed Agreement and Election to Prefund Other Post Employment Benefits (Agreement) as provided in the terms and conditions of the Agreement; and

WHEREAS (5) The Prefunding Plan is a trust fund that is intended to perform an essential governmental function within the meaning of Section 115 of the Internal Revenue Code as an agent multiple-employer plan as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 43 consisting of an aggregation of single-employer plans, with pooled administrative and investment functions;



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NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED THAT EMPLOYER HEREBY MAKES THE FOLLOWING REPRESENTATION AND WARRANTY AND THAT THE BOARD AND EMPLOYER AGREE TO THE FOLLOWING TERMS AND CONDITIONS:

A. Representation and Warranty

Employer represents and warrants that it is a political subdivision of the State of California or an entity whose income is excluded from gross income under Section 115 (1) of the Internal Revenue Code.

B. Adoption and Approval of the Agreement; Effective Date; Amendment

(1) Employer's governing body shall elect to participate in the Prefunding Plan by adopting this Agreement and filing with the CaIPERS Board a true and correct original or certified copy of this Agreement as follows:

Filing by mail, send to:

CalPERS Affiliate Program Services Division CERBT (OPEB) P.O. Box 1494 Sacramento, CA 95812-1494

Filing in person, deliver to:

CalPERS Mailroom Affiliate Program Services Division CERBT (OPEB) 400 Q Street Sacramento, CA 95811

(2) Upon receipt of the executed Agreement, and after approval by the Board, the Board shall fix an effective date and shall promptly notify Employer of the effective date of the Agreement.

(3) The terms of this Agreement may be amended only in writing upon the agreement of both CaIPERS and Employer, except as otherwise provided herein. Any such amendment or modification to this Agreement shall be adopted and executed in the same manner as required for the Agreement. Upon receipt of the executed amendment or modification, the Board shall fix the effective date of the amendment or modification.

(4) The Board shall institute such procedures and processes as it deems necessary to administer the Prefunding Plan, to carry out the purposes of this Agreement, and to maintain the tax exempt status of the Prefunding Plan. Employer agrees to follow such procedures and processes.

C. Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Cost Reports and Employer Contributions

(1) Employer shall provide to the Board an OPEB cost report on the basis of the actuarial assumptions and methods prescribed by the Board. Such report shall be for the Board's use in financial reporting, and shall be prepared at least as often as the minimum frequency required by GASB 43. This OPEB cost report may be prepared as an actuarial valuation report or, if the employer is qualified under GASB 45 and 57, may be prepared as an Alternative Measurement Method (AMM) report.

- (a) Unless qualified under GASB 45 and 57 to provide an AMM report, Employer shall provide to the Board an actuarial valuation report. Such report shall be for the Board's use in financial reporting, and shall be prepared at least as often as the minimum frequency required by GASB 43 and 57, and shall be:
 - prepared and signed by a Fellow or Associate of the Society of Actuaries who is also a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries or a person with equivalent qualifications acceptable to the Board;
 - 2) prepared in accordance with generally accepted actuarial practice and GASB 43, 45 and 57; and,
 - 3) provided to the Board prior to the Board's acceptance of contributions for the valuation period or as otherwise required by the Board.
- (b) If qualified under GASB 45 and 57, Employer may provide to the Board an AMM report. Such report shall be for the Board's use in financial reporting, shall be prepared at least as often as the minimum frequency required by GASB 43 and 57, and shall be:
 - affirmed by Employer's external auditor, or by a Fellow or Associate of the Society of Actuaries who is also a Member of the American Academy of Actuaries or a person with equivalent qualifications acceptable to the Board, to be consistent with the AMM process described in GASB 45;
 - 2) prepared in accordance with GASB 43, 45, and 57; and,
 - 3) provided to the Board prior to the Board's acceptance of contributions for the valuation period or as otherwise required by the Board.

(2) The Board may reject any OPEB cost report submitted to it, but shall not unreasonably do so. In the event that the Board determines, in its sole discretion, that the OPEB cost report is not suitable for use in the Board's financial statements or if Employer fails to provide a required OPEB cost report, the Board may obtain, at Employer's expense, an OPEB cost report that meets the Board's financial reporting needs. The Board may recover from Employer the cost of obtaining such OPEB cost report by billing and collecting from Employer or by deducting the amount from Employer's account in the Prefunding Plan.

(3) Employer shall notify the Board of the amount and time of contributions which contributions shall be made in the manner established by the Board.

(4) Employer contributions to the Prefunding Plan may be limited to the amount necessary to fully fund Employer's actuarial present value of total projected benefits, as supported by the OPEB cost report acceptable to the Board. As used throughout this document, the meaning of the term "actuarial present value of total projected benefits" is as defined in GASB Statement No. 45. If Employer's contribution causes its assets in the Prefunding Plan to exceed the amount required to fully fund the actuarial present value of total projected benefits, the Board may refuse to accept the contribution.

(5) No contributions are required. If an employer elects to contribute then the contribution amount should not be less than \$5000 or the employer's annual required contribution (ARC), whichever amount is lower. Contributions can be made at any time following the seventh day after the effective date of the Agreement provided that Employer has first complied with the requirements of Paragraph C.

D. Administration of Accounts, Investments, Allocation of Income

(1) The Board has established the Prefunding Plan as an agent plan consisting of an aggregation of single-employer plans, with pooled administrative and investment functions, under the terms of which separate accounts will be maintained for each employer so that Employer's assets will provide benefits only under employer's plan.

(2) All Employer contributions and assets attributable to Employer contributions shall be separately accounted for in the Prefunding Plan (Employer's Prefunding Account).

(3) Employer's Prefunding Account assets may be aggregated with prefunding account assets of other employers and may be co-invested by the Board in any asset classes appropriate for a Section 115 Trust.

(4) The Board may deduct the costs of administration of the Prefunding Plan from the investment income or Employer's Prefunding Account in a manner determined by the Board.

(5) Investment income shall be allocated among employers and posted to Employer's Prefunding Account as determined by the Board but no less frequently than annually.

(6) If Employer's assets in the Prefunding Plan exceed the amount required to fully fund the actuarial present value of total projected benefits, the Board, in compliance with applicable accounting and legal requirements, may return such excess to Employer.

E. Reports and Statements

(1) Employer shall submit with each contribution a contribution report in the form and containing the information prescribed by the Board.

(2) The Board shall prepare and provide a statement of Employer's Prefunding Account at least annually reflecting the balance in Employer's Prefunding Account, contributions made during the period and income allocated during the period, and such other information as the Board determines.

F. Disbursements

(1) Employer may receive disbursements not to exceed the annual premium and other costs of post employment healthcare benefits and other post employment benefits as defined in GASB 43.

(2) Employer shall notify CalPERS in writing in the manner specified by CalPERS of the persons authorized to request disbursements from the Prefunding Plan on behalf of Employer.

(3) Employer's request for disbursement shall be in writing signed by Employer's authorized representative, in accordance with procedures established by the Board. The Board may require that Employer certify or otherwise establish that the monies will be used for the purposes of the Prefunding Plan.

(4) Requests for disbursements that satisfy the requirements of paragraphs (2) and (3) will be processed monthly.

(5) CalPERS shall not be liable for amounts disbursed in error if it has acted upon the written instruction of an individual authorized by Employer to request disbursements. In the event of any other erroneous disbursement, the extent of CalPERS' liability shall be the actual dollar amount of the disbursement, plus interest at the actual earnings rate but not less than zero.

(6) No disbursement shall be made from the Prefunding Plan which exceeds the balance in Employer's Prefunding Account.

G. Costs of Administration

Employer shall pay its share of the costs of administration of the Prefunding Plan, as determined by the Board.

- H. Termination of Employer Participation in Prefunding Plan
- (1) The Board may terminate Employer's participation in the Prefunding Plan if:

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- (a) Employer gives written notice to the Board of its election to terminate;
- (b) The Board finds that Employer fails to satisfy the terms and conditions of this Agreement or of the Board's rules or regulations.

(2) If Employer's participation in the Prefunding Plan terminates for any of the foregoing reasons, all assets in Employer's Prefunding Account shall remain in the Prefunding Plan, except as otherwise provided below, and shall continue to be invested and accrue income as provided in Paragraph D.

(3) After Employer's participation in the Prefunding Plan terminates, Employer may not make contributions to the Prefunding Plan.

(4) After Employer's participation in the Prefunding Plan terminates, disbursements from Employer's Prefunding Account may continue upon Employer's instruction or otherwise in accordance with the terms of this Agreement.

(5) After thirty-six (36) months have elapsed from the effective date of this Agreement or at such earlier date as may be approved by the Board in its sole discretion:

- (a) Employer may request a trustee to trustee transfer of the assets in Employer's Prefunding Account. Upon satisfactory showing to the Board that the transfer will satisfy applicable requirements of the Internal Revenue Code and the Board's fiduciary duties, then the Board shall effect the transfer within one hundred twenty (120) days. The amount to be transferred shall be the amount in the Employer's Prefunding Account as of the disbursement date and shall include investment earnings up to the investment earnings allocation date immediately preceding the disbursement date. In no event shall the investment earnings allocation date precede the transfer by more than 120 days.
- (b) Employer may request a disbursement of the assets in Employer's Prefunding Account. Upon satisfactory showing to the Board that all of Employer's obligations for payment of post employment health care benefits and other post employment benefits and reasonable administrative costs of the Board have been satisfied, then the Board shall effect the disbursement within one hundred twenty (120) days. The amount to be disbursed shall be the amount in the Employer's Prefunding Account as of the disbursement date and shall include investment earnings up to the investment earnings allocation date immediately preceding the disbursement date. In no event shall the investment earnings allocation date precede the disbursement by more than 120 days.

(6) After Employer's participation in the Prefunding Plan terminates and at such time that no assets remain in Employer's Prefunding Account, this Agreement shall terminate.

(7) If, for any reason, the Board terminates the Prefunding Plan, the assets in Employer's Prefunding Account shall be paid to Employer after retention of (i) amounts sufficient to pay post employment health care benefits and other post employment benefits to annuitants for current and future annuitants described by the employer's current substantive plan (as defined in GASB 43), and (ii) amounts sufficient to pay reasonable administrative costs of the Board.

(8) If Employer ceases to exist but Employer's Prefunding Plan continues to exist and if no provision has been made by Employer for ongoing payments to pay post employment health care benefits and other post employment benefits to annuitants for current and future annuitants, the Board is authorized to and shall appoint a third party administrator to carry out Employer's Prefunding Plan. Any and all costs associated with such appointment shall be paid from the assets attributable to contributions by Employer.

(9) If Employer should breach the representation and warranty set forth in Paragraph A., the Board shall take whatever action it deems necessary to preserve the tax-exempt status of the Prefunding Plan.

- I. General Provisions
- (1) Books and Records.

Employer shall keep accurate books and records connected with the performance of this Agreement. Employer shall ensure that books and records of subcontractors, suppliers, and other providers shall also be accurately maintained. Such books and records shall be kept in a secure location at the Employer's office(s) and shall be available for inspection and copying by CalPERS and its representatives.

- (2) Audit.
 - (a) During and for three years after the term of this Agreement, Employer shall permit the Bureau of State Audits, CalPERS, and its authorized representatives, and such consultants and specialists as needed, at all reasonable times during normal business hours to inspect and copy, at the expense of CalPERS, books and records of Employer relating to its performance of this Agreement.
 - (b) Employer shall be subject to examination and audit by the Bureau of State Audits, CalPERS, and its authorized representatives, and such consultants and specialists as needed, during the term of this Agreement and for three years after final payment under this Agreement. Any examination or audit shall be confined to those matters connected with the performance of this Agreement, including, but not limited to, the costs of administering this Agreement. Employer shall cooperate fully with the Bureau of State Audits, CalPERS, and its authorized representatives, and such consultants and specialists as needed, in connection with any

examination or audit. All adjustments, payments, and/or reimbursements determined to be necessary by any examination or audit shall be made promptly by the appropriate party.

- (3) Notice.
 - (a) Any notice, approval, or other communication required or permitted under this Agreement will be given in the English language and will be deemed received as follows:
 - 1. Personal delivery. When personally delivered to the recipient. Notice is effective on delivery.
 - 2. First Class Mail. When mailed first class to the last address of the recipient known to the party giving notice. Notice is effective three delivery days after deposit in a United States Postal Service office or mailbox.
 - 3. Certified mail. When mailed certified mail, return receipt requested. Notice is effective on receipt, if delivery is confirmed by a return receipt.
 - 4. Overnight Delivery. When delivered by an overnight delivery service, charges prepaid or charged to the sender's account, Notice is effective on delivery, if delivery is confirmed by the delivery service.
 - 5. Telex or Facsimile Transmission. When sent by telex or fax to the last telex or fax number of the recipient known to the party giving notice. Notice is effective on receipt, provided that (i) a duplicate copy of the notice is promptly given by first-class or certified mail or by overnight delivery, or (ii) the receiving party delivers a written confirmation of receipt. Any notice given by telex or fax shall be deemed received on the next business day if it is received after 5:00 p.m. (recipient's time) or on a nonbusiness day.
 - 6. E-mail transmission. When sent by e-mail using software that provides unmodifiable proof (i) that the message was sent, (ii) that the message was delivered to the recipient's information processing system, and (iii) of the time and date the message was delivered to the recipient along with a verifiable electronic record of the exact content of the message sent.

Addresses for the purpose of giving notice are as shown in Paragraph B.(1) of this Agreement.

- (b) Any correctly addressed notice that is refused, unclaimed, or undeliverable because of an act or omission of the party to be notified shall be deemed effective as of the first date that said notice was refused, unclaimed, or deemed undeliverable by the postal authorities, messenger or overnight delivery service.
- (c) Any party may change its address, telex, fax number, or e-mail address by giving the other party notice of the change in any manner permitted by this Agreement.
- (d) All notices, requests, demands, amendments, modifications or other communications under this Agreement shall be in writing. Notice shall be sufficient for all such purposes if personally delivered, sent by first class, registered or certified mail, return receipt requested, delivery by courier with receipt of delivery, facsimile transmission with written confirmation of receipt by recipient, or e-mail delivery with verifiable and unmodifiable proof of content and time and date of sending by sender and delivery to recipient. Notice is effective on confirmed receipt by recipient or 3 business days after sending, whichever is sooner.

(4) Modification

This Agreement may be supplemented, amended, or modified only by the mutual agreement of the parties. No supplement, amendment, or modification of this Agreement shall be binding unless it is in writing and signed by the party to be charged.

(5) Survival

All representations, warranties, and covenants contained in this Agreement, or in any instrument, certificate, exhibit, or other writing intended by the parties to be a part of their Agreement shall survive the termination of this Agreement until such time as all amounts in Employer's Prefunding Account have been disbursed.

(6) Waiver

No waiver of a breach, failure of any condition, or any right or remedy contained in or granted by the provisions of this Agreement shall be effective unless it is in writing and signed by the party waiving the breach, failure, right, or remedy. No waiver of any breach, failure, right, or remedy shall be deemed a waiver of any other breach, failure, right, or remedy, whether or not similar, nor shall any waiver constitute a continuing waiver unless the writing so specifies.

(7) Necessary Acts, Further Assurances

The parties shall at their own cost and expense execute and deliver such further documents and instruments and shall take such other actions as may be reasonably required or appropriate to evidence or carry out the intent and purposes of this Agreement.

A majority vote of Employer's Governing	Body at a public me	eeting held on the
day of the month of	in the year	, authorized entering
into this Agreement.		
Signature of the Presiding Officer:		
Printed Name of the Presiding Officer:		
Name of Governing Body:		
Name of Employer:		
Date:		

BOARD OF ADMINISTRATION CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

BY_____ RAND ANDERSON AFFILIATE PROGRAM SERVICES DIVISION CALIFORNIA PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM

To be completed by CalPERS

The effective date of this Agreement is: _____



DELEGATION OF AUTHORITY TO REQUEST DISBURSEMENTS

RESOLUTION OF THE

Alameda County Transportation Commission

(GOVERNING BODY)

OF THE

Alameda County Transportation Commission

(NAME OF EMPLOYER)

The _		ansportation Commission ERNING BODY)	_ delegates to the incumbents
in the	positions of	Executive Director (TITLE)	and
	Director of Finance	(TITLE)	and/or
		(TITLE)	authority to request on
beha	f of the Employer di	sbursements from the Other	r Post Employment Prefunding
Plan	and to certify as to t	the purpose for which the dis	sbursed funds will be used.
		Ву	
		Title	
Witne	9SS		
Date			

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