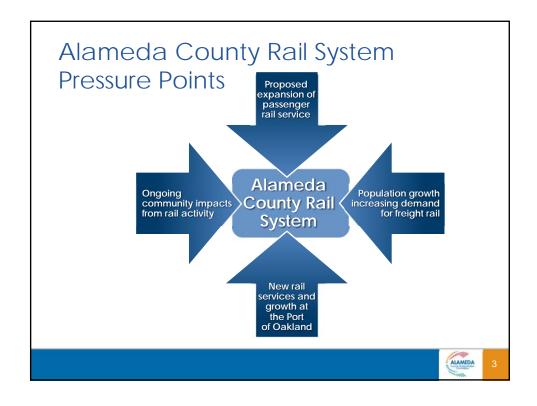


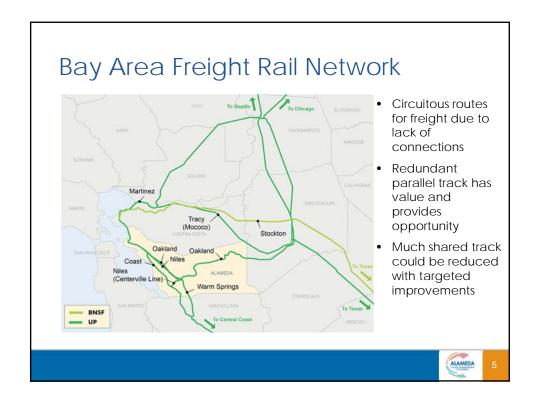
# Agenda Overview

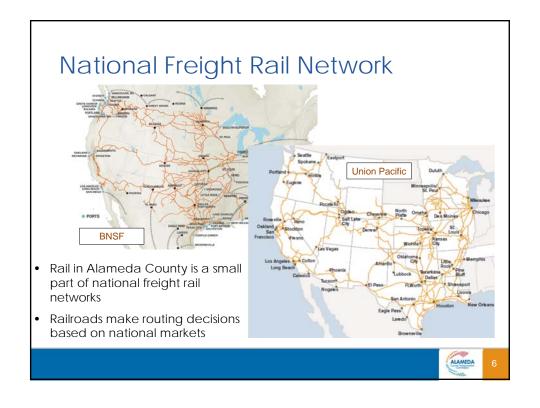
- 1. Overview of rail system issues and growth scenarios
- 2. Capacity and operations analysis and improvement options
- 3. Grade crossing improvements and prioritization

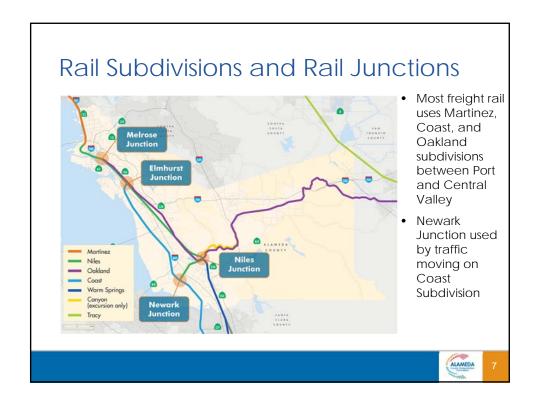


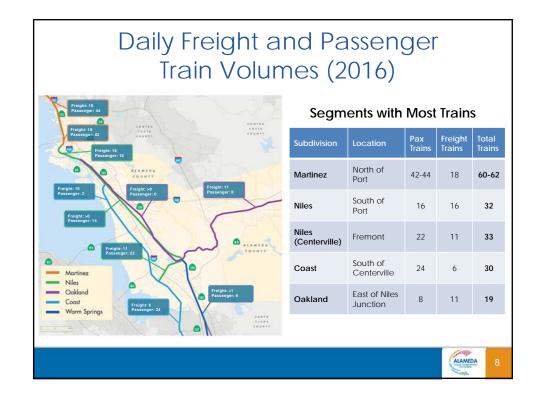


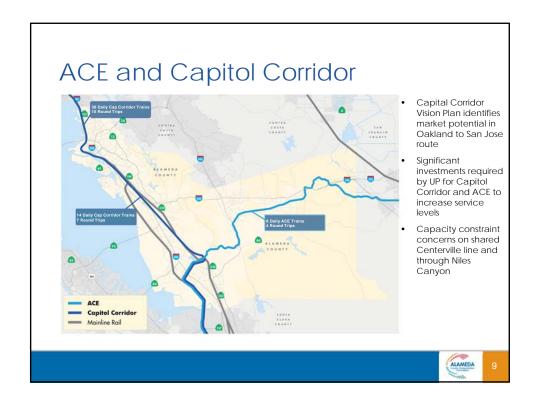


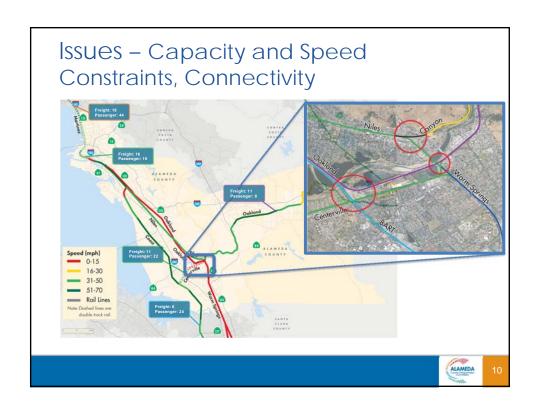


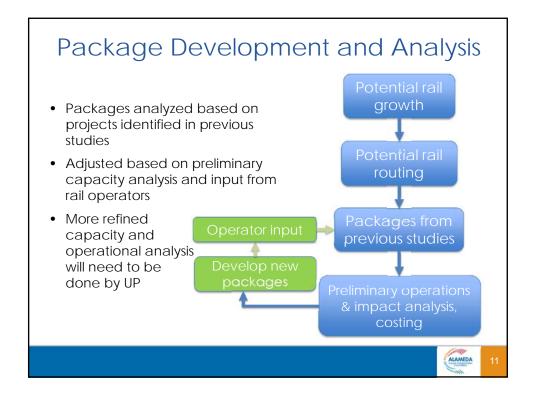


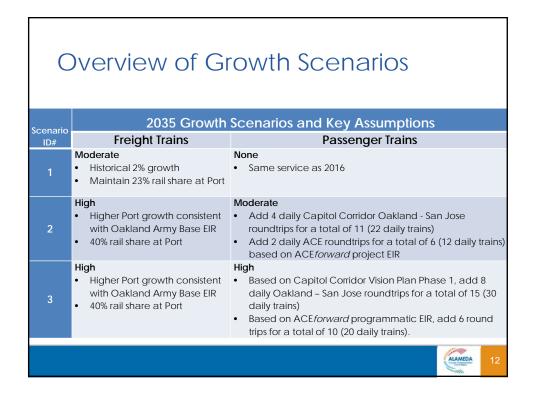












### Rail Capacity Analysis Results Base Scenario (2016)



- Key capacity and connectivity choke points
  - Jack London Square
  - Elmhurst Junction
  - Newark Junction
  - Niles Junction, Niles Canyon
  - Coast Subdivision
- Confirms choke points identified in previous studies



13

## Rail Capacity Analysis Results – Scenario 1: Moderate Freight Growth (2035)

# Preliminary Scenario Results, No Improvements No capacity issues (IOS A-8) At or nearing operational capacity (IOS C) Partially constrained (IOS D) Fully constrained (IOS E-F) Access constraints

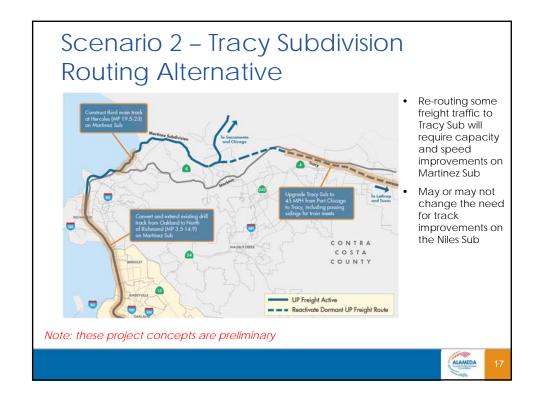
#### Improvements Identified

- Grade crossing, safety and capacity improvements in Emeryville/Oakland can
  - Improve Port access
  - Reduce speed constraints
  - Reduce impacts
- Operational changes on southern route can accommodate moderate freight growth
- Targeted capacity improvements can eliminate Coast Subdivision and Newark Junction constraints



#### Rail Capacity Analysis Results - Scenario 2: High Freight & Moderate Pax Growth (2035) Safety improvements in Jack London Square could allow for increased At or nearing operational capacity (LOS C) Partially constrained (LOS D) speed, providing sufficient capacity Fully constrained (LOS E-F) without 3rd main track Access constraints New Shinn connection could provide system redundancy and facilitate Dumbarton Rail or Union City ACE service Growth at these levels through Niles Canyon likely requires re-routing or 2<sup>nd</sup> Re-routing Capitol Corridor and freight trains Reduces train volume through Centerville Eliminates Newark Junction constraints (with new connection at Industrial) Improves fluidity at Niles Junction ALAMEDA







# Capacity Analysis Conclusions and Next Steps

- Initial list of core projects identified that can address key capacity choke points and improve system connectivity
  - Discussions underway with rail operators
- Complete project package evaluation
  - Assess mobility, environmental, and equity considerations of different alternatives
- Complete grade crossing toolkit and prioritization methodology



10

**Grade Crossing Improvements** 



# **Grade Crossing Analysis**

- Examining 136 individual crossings and 25 crossing corridors
- Factors considered for crossings analysis
  - Safety (historical and predicted), delay, noise, air quality, fuel savings, sensitive land uses, and Communities of Concern
- Developing toolbox matching issues with improvements
  - Grade separations, road closures, warning device improvements, quiet zones
- Developing preliminary design solutions at select locations
- Prioritization based on several factors
  - Monetizing some factors, qualitatively evaluating other factors, and costs of improvements



2.

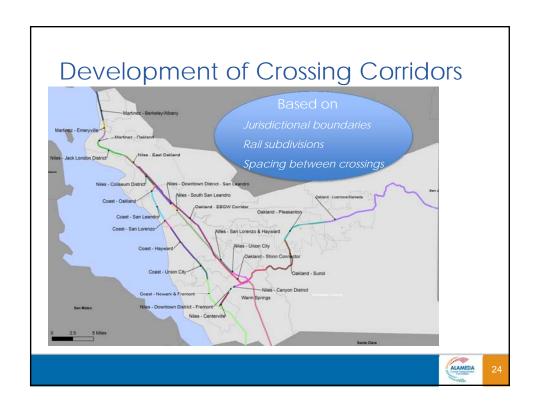
# Crossings with High Safety, Delay, and Noise Impacts

Street Location (North to South)	City	Rail Subdivision	Top Ten in Incurred Safety Costs	Top Ten in Delay Costs (Prelim.)	Top Ten in Residential Noise Index	In Community of Concern			
Gilman St.	Berkeley	Martinez	X		Χ				
Cedar St.	Berkeley	Martinez			Χ				
67th S.	Emeryville	Martinez			X				
66th St	Emeryville	Martinez			X				
65th St.	Emeryville	Martinez			Χ				
29th Ave	Oakland	Niles	Χ		Χ	X			
Fruitvale Ave.	Oakland	Niles	Χ		X	X			
37th Ave	Oakland	Niles	Χ		Χ	X			
High St	Oakland	Niles	Χ	Χ	Χ	X			
98th Ave.	Oakland	Niles		Χ		X			
Davis St.	San Leandro	Niles	Χ	Χ		X			
Washington Ave.	San Leandro	Niles	Χ			X			
Hesperian Blvd.	San Leandro	Niles	Χ	X					
Tennyson Rd.	Hayward	Niles		X					
Industrial Pkwy.	Hayward	Niles		X					
Fremont Blvd.	Fremont	Niles		Χ					
Union City Blvd.	Union City	Coast		X					
Dyer St.	Union City	Coast		X					
Santa Rita Rd.	Pleasanton	Oakland		Χ					

# Implementation Benefits of Corridor Approach

- Conduct similar analysis as done for individual crossings
  - Does this change priorities?
- Identify most cost effective combination of crossing improvements
- Recognize interactions of crossings and safety issues in between crossings
- Set stage for more effective advocacy (e.g., FAST Corridor, CREATE, Alameda Corridor East)





Illustrative Crossing Corridors								
Subdivision - Corridor Name (examples)	Total AADT (2016)	Daily Trains (2016)	Number of Incidents (Last 10 years)	Nearby Population (2016)				
Martinez - Berkeley/Albany	30,486	62	7	1,790				
Martinez - Emeryville	13,202	60	1	1,976				
Niles - Centerville	52,554	33	1	9,007				
Niles - Downtown District - Fremont	36,165	33	2	2,976				
Niles - East Oakland	91,527	32	18	4,481				
Niles - Coliseum District	73,690	32	6	6,055				
Niles - Jack London District	37,485	32	7	3,198				
Oakland - Shinn Connector	64,421	19	0	17,654				



550

2,675

#### Framework for Discussions with UP

53,467

9,282

19

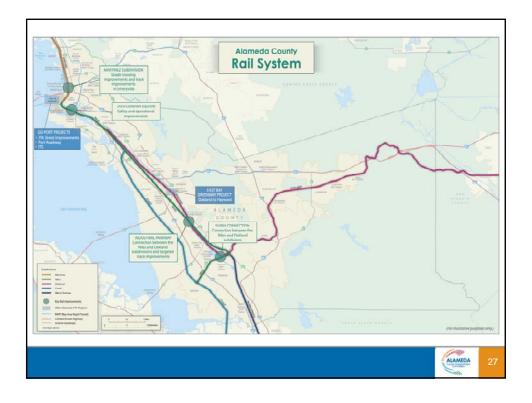
19

- Martinez Subdivision improvements and grade crossing improvements in Emeryville – improves Port of Oakland access and reduces Emeryville grade crossing impacts
- Jack London Square improvements improves safety and operations and reduces need for major track expansion
- Industrial Parkway connection and Niles Junction improvements – improves overall system connectivity, reduces Centerville impacts and improves operations for Capitol Corridor and UP
- Shinn connection creates system redundancy, consistent with future Union City intermodal center and potential Dumbarton rail plans
- 7<sup>th</sup> Street Grade Separation Projects project cooperation
- East Bay Greenway right of way

Oakland - Pleasanton

Oakland - Sunol





## **Next Steps**

- Project packages
  - Continue working with UP to analyze operations and needs
  - Continue working with public agency partners to refine comprehensive package of priorities
- Grade crossing analysis
  - Alameda CTC is forming a Working Group of interested ACTAC members
  - Two working group meetings:
    - November 9 discuss methodology
    - December 11 discuss initial findings
  - Return in early 2018 with update

