## ALAMEDA COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

## **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013





## ALAMEDA COUNTY TRANSPORTATION COMMISSION OAKLAND, CALIFORNIA

## **COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT**

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 PREPARED BY THE FINANCE DEPARTMENT



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**INTRODUCTORY SECTION** 





December 5, 2013

### To the Alameda County Transportation Commission Board and the Citizens of Alameda County, CA

We are pleased to present this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Alameda County Transportation Commission (Alameda CTC) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Per the Alameda CTC Joint Powers Agreement, the California Government Code section 6505 and the Public Utilities Code section 180105(c), the Alameda CTC is required to contract for an annual audit of its accounts and records in accordance with Generally Accepted Auditing Standards (GAAS). The financial statements included in this CAFR have been audited by Vavrinek, Trine, Day and Co., LLP, Certified Public Accountants. Therefore this CAFR is published to fulfill this requirement for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Management of the Alameda CTC is responsible for the accuracy, completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report. A comprehensive system of internal controls has been implemented which is designed to protect the Alameda CTC's assets from loss, theft or misuse, to identify and record transactions accurately and to compile the necessary information to report financial statements in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). Because the cost of internal controls should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective of the Alameda CTC's internal control system is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

Alameda CTC is also required to undergo an annual federal compliance audit in conformity with the provision of the Single Audit Act of 1984 and the 1996 amendments to the act, and the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. The results of this audit can be found in the federal compliance information section.

Authoritative accounting and financial reporting standards require that the financial statements of a local government be preceded by Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) intended to furnish an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities. The MD&A section of this CAFR can be found immediately following the Independent Auditor's Report. This letter of transmittal is intended to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

### **PROFILE OF THE ORGANIZATION**

Alameda County encompasses 813 square miles and is located east of the San Francisco Bay, extends to Livermore in the East and from Albany in the North to Fremont in the South. The population in Alameda County is over 1.5 million which makes it the second most populated county in the Bay Area and the seventh most populated county in California. Alameda County is one of 19 Self-Help Counties in California that deliver voter approved transportation sales tax measures to fund transit, highway, freight, bicycle, pedestrian and other mobility programs.

In June 2010, the governing boards of both the Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority (ACTIA) and the Alameda County Congestion Management Agency (ACCMA) created a joint powers agency known as the Alameda County Transportation Commission pursuant to the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act in which ACTIA and ACCMA delegated all of their assets, liabilities, powers, functions and responsibilities to the Alameda CTC effective July 1, 2010. This action followed a March 2010 action in which ACTIA, ACCMA, the County of Alameda, the 14 cities within Alameda County, the Bay Area Rapid Transit District and the Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District entered into a Joint Powers Agreement with the purpose of creating a joint powers agency to take over the responsibilities of both ACTIA and ACCMA. The Alameda CTC held its first joint meeting on July 22, 2010 and approved its first consolidated budget for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 at its June 2011 meeting. For various reasons, including issues related to contracting with CalPERS and other required administrative tasks, the former agencies continued to exist through February 29, 2012 when they were legally dissolved and the Alameda CTC became the successor agency.

The Alameda CTC is governed by a twenty-two member Commission made up of five members of the Alameda County Board of Supervisors, two members representing the City of Oakland, 13 members each representing one of the other 13 cities in Alameda County, one member representing the Bay Area Rapid Transit District and one member representing Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District.

The mission of the Alameda CTC is to plan, fund and deliver a broad spectrum of transportation programs and projects that expand access and improve mobility to foster a vibrant and livable Alameda County. This is accomplished through the administration of the transportation sales tax in Alameda County which was authorized in 2000 when the voters approved Measure B by 81.5 percent of the vote and by serving as the Alameda County's congestion management agency. The Alameda CTC delivers over \$100 million in transportation improvements each year which create jobs, enhance mobility and enrich communities.

The Alameda CTC is a legally separate and financially independent entity that is not a component unit of Alameda County or any other organization. While the Alameda CTC is the managing agency for the Sunol Smart Carpool Lane Joint Powers Authority (SSCLJPA) which operates the Sunol Smart Carpool Lane, the SSCLJPA has its own separate legal identity and governance and is not a component unit of the Alameda CTC.

California Government Code requires the Alameda CTC to adopt an annual budget. Before the beginning of each fiscal year, staff proposes an annual budget based on agency goals and objectives to the Commission for adoption. The Commission monitors budget versus actual performance through quarterly staff reports. The legal level of budgetary control is at the entity level. The Commission has the authority to adjust the budget throughout the fiscal year, and the Executive Director has the authority to transfer authorized budget amounts between expenditure line items within governmental funds. The Required Supplementary Information section of this report includes a schedule that compares actual results to the final adopted budgets.

#### ECONOMIC CONDITION

#### LOCAL ECONOMY

Unemployment in Alameda County has decreased to 7.4 percent by June 2013 from 9.4 percent in June 2012 and 10.7 percent in June 2011. This is better than the state unemployment rate which has decreased to 8.5 percent by June 2013 from 10.6 percent in June 2012 and 11.9 percent in June 2011. The decrease in the unemployment rate is also better than the national unemployment rate, which has decreased to only 7.6 percent by June 2013 from 8.2 percent in June 2012 and 9.1 percent in June 2011. While the economic recovery continues to move very slowly, this is still an improvement for Alameda County. The county unemployment rate generally falls between the national and state rates; however, as of June 2013 it is lower than both rates, indicating that employment has begun to recover at a slightly greater pace in Alameda County as compared to the broader economy.

Alameda County supports employment in a wide array of industries including law enforcement, shipping/goods movement, medical/health, research, technology, pharmaceuticals, education, manufacturing, farming, finance, sanitation, fuel, retail, automobile sales, transportation, government, and other professional services. This diverse employment base helps to ensure stability for Alameda County as it is not reliant on any one employment sector for its prosperity. The Alameda CTC also has realized an increase in Measure B sales tax collections in fiscal year 2012-13 to a level above the historical peak of \$116.3 million in fiscal year 2007-08 to \$121.1 million. This is a 7.6 percent increase over the prior fiscal year; however, it is below original projections when the voters approved Measure B.

#### LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The Alameda CTC has delivered nearly all of the transportation sales tax projects approved by the voters in the 2000 Transportation Expenditure Plan (TEP) in half the anticipated time. Faster delivery allowed for lower construction costs, but the result is that the Measure B sales tax will incur costs before all of the sales tax funds have been collected. To date, Measure B has operated on a pay-as-you-go basis; however current cash flow projections reflect that a pay-as-you-go approach will not suffice within the coming fiscal year. The Commission has authorized staff to begin the process of issuing debt to bridge the short-term funding gap that exists over the next few years while many large projects in the TEP are closed out and finalized. Staff anticipates going to market for bond financing in early 2014. Cash flow projections also indicate that the Alameda CTC will continue to be solvent throughout the life of Measure B, which expires in 2022, as there will be sufficient funds to pay the debt service on the bonds.

#### RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The Board of Directors of the former agencies adopted a comprehensive set of financial policies. The Alameda CTC is working within the guidelines of these policies until new policies are adopted for the new consolidated agency. In April 2013, the Commission adopted a consolidated investment policy for the Alameda CTC which defines the parameters within which funds are to be managed. This policy will be reviewed and adopted by the Commission annually. In July 2013, the Commission adopted a debt policy which establishes guidelines for the issuance and management of Alameda CTC debt and confirms the commitment of the Commission, management, and staff to adhere to sound financial management practices.

#### MAJOR INITIATIVES

The Alameda CTC went before the voters of Alameda County in November 2012 with a new \$7.8 billion transportation measure which would extend and augment the current Measure B half-cent sales tax. The measure required 66.67 percent voter approval to pass, but only received 66.53 percent of the votes, so it did not pass. The Alameda CTC has made it a legislative priority to support efforts to lower the 2/3 voter threshold for voter approved transportation measures since the majority of Alameda County voters supported the measure, but did not realize the benefits of their vote. The Commission is considering returning to the voters in the coming years to again put a new transportation measure before the voters of Alameda County to help increase mobility, create jobs, reduce congestion, protect the environment, restore and expand transit services, fix potholes, reduce highway congestion, expand bicycle and pedestrian access and connect transit with housing and jobs. If the voters approve a new measure in the coming years, this would significantly increase the funding available for transportation projects and programs throughout Alameda County.

#### AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This is the first year the Alameda CTC has produced a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which includes additional, complementary information, in addition to the basic financial statements, to better help the reader understand the financial condition of the Alameda CTC. We believe our current CAFR meets the requirements of the Government Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) Certificate of Achievement Program, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for the award. To be awarded the certificate, a CAFR must be easy to read and efficiently organized while satisfying both Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and applicable legal requirements.

We would like to extend our appreciation to the entire Finance Department staff who made the production of this CAFR possible through their support and dedicated service. We would also like to express our thanks to all of the members of the departments who assisted in and contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit and thanks also go to the Commission for their support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Alameda CTC.

Respectfully submitted,

Scott Haggerty Chair, Alameda County Transportation Commission

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Arthur L. Dao Executive Director

Patricia Reavey Director of Finance

## COMMISSIONERS As of June 30, 2013

Member	Jurisduction	Alternate
Supervisor Scott Haggerty, Chair	Alameda County District 1 Supervisor	Bill Harrison
Councilmember Rebecca Kaplan, Vice Chair	City of Oakland Councilmember At-Large	Dan Kalb
Director Elsa Ortiz	AC Transit	Greg Harper
Supervisor Richard Valle	Alameda County, District 2	Barbara Halliday
Supervisor Wilma Chan	Alameda County, District 3	Pauline Cutter-Russo
Supervisor Nate Miley	Alameda County, District 4	No Alternate
Supervisor Keith Carson	Alameda County, District 5	Kriss Worthington
Director Tom Blalock	Bay Area Rapid Transit	John McPartland
Vice Mayor Marilyn Ezzy Ashcraft	City of Alameda	Stewart Chen
Mayor Peggy Thomsen	City of Albany	Michael Barnes
Councilmember Laurie Capitelli	City of Berkeley	Kriss Worthington
Mayor Tim Sbranti	City of Dublin	Don Biddle
Councilmember Ruth Atkin	City of Emeryville	Kurt Brinkham
Councilmember Suzanne Chan	City of Fremont	Bill Harrison
Councilmember Marvin Peixoto	City of Hayward	Mark Salinas
Mayor John Marchand	City of Livermore	Stewart Gary
Councilmember Luis Freitas	City of Newark	Maria Collazo
Vice Mayor Larry Reid	City of Oakland	Dan Kalb
Mayor John Chiang	City of Piedmont	Garrett Keating
Mayor Jerry Thorne	City of Pleasanton	Cheryl Cook-Kallio
Vice Mayor Michael Gregory	City of San Leandro	Stephen Cassidy
Mayor Carol Dutra-Vernaci	City of Union City	Emily Duncan

## **EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT**

## **Executive Director**

Arthur L. Dao	Executive Director	adao@alamedactc.org	(510) 208-7402
Executive Team			
Tess Lengyel	Deputy Director of Policy, Public Affairs and Legislation	tlengyel@alamedactc.org	(510) 208-7428
Stewart Ng	Deputy Director of Programming and Projects	stewartng@alamedactc.org	(510) 208-7437
Patricia Reavey	Director of Finance	preavey@alamedactc.org	(510) 208-7422
Beth Walukas	Deputy Director of Planning	bwalukas@alamedactc.org	(510) 208-7405

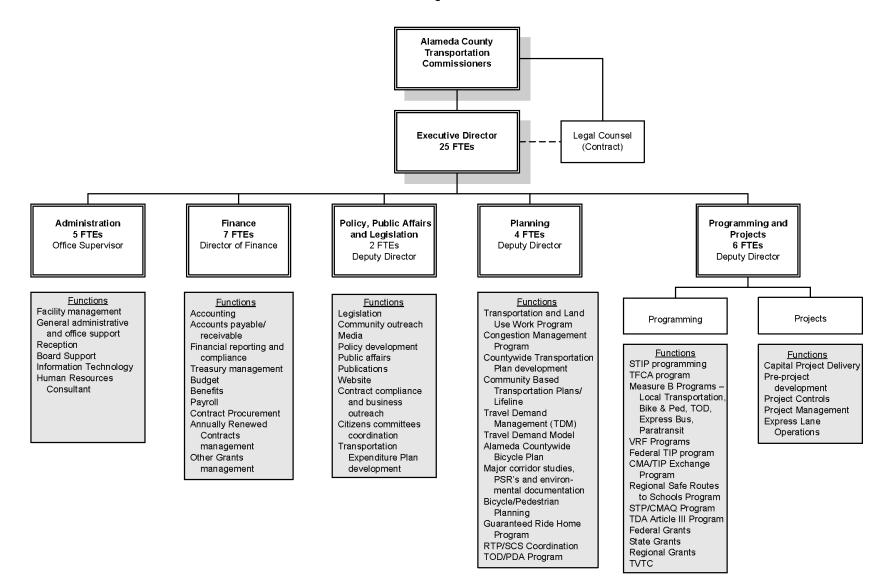
## **General Counsel**

Wendel, Rosen, Black, & Dean LLP

Zachary R. Wasserman, Esq.

Neal Parish, Esq.

#### Alameda County Transportation Commission Functional Organizational Chart



## Alameda County, California



## **TABLE OF CREDITS**

The following people contributed to the production of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report:

Finance:

Director of Finance	Patricia Reavey, CPA
Accounting Manager	Lily Balinton
Senior Accountant	Yoana Navarro, CPA

### Audit Firm - Vavrinek, Trine, Day & Co., LLP:

Partner	Ahmad Gharaibeh, CPA		
Manager	Nathan Edelman, CPA		

FINANCIAL SECTION



### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Governing Board Alameda County Transportation Commission Oakland, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Alameda County Transportation Commission (Alameda CTC) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Alameda CTC's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Alameda CTC's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Alameda CTC's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Alameda CTC, as of June 30, 2013, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Alameda CTC's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-profit Organizations* and the other information, such as the introductory and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, Combining Schedules – General Fund, Combining Nonmajor Fund Financial Statements, Other Funds Budgetary Comparison Schedules and ACTIA Special Revenue Fund Combining Schedules, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 5, 2013, on our consideration of the Alameda CTC's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Alameda CTC's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Varinek, Trine, Day & Co. LLP

Palo Alto, California December 5, 2013

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

The following discussion and analysis of the Alameda County Transportation Commission (Alameda CTC) financial report addresses the financial position, activities and performance of the agency for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. Management encourages readers to consider information presented in this section in conjunction with the financial statements and related notes contained in the financial section.

This report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 is the first financial report for the Alameda CTC prepared in the form of a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which includes all of the additional information required of a CAFR. The financial report prepared for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 for the Alameda CTC was the first financial report since the Alameda CTC was established. In June 2010, the Boards of the Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority (ACTIA) and the Alameda County Congestion Management Agency (ACCMA) created a joint powers agency known as the Alameda County Transportation Commission pursuant to the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act in which ACTIA and ACCMA delegated all of their assets, liabilities, powers, functions and responsibilities to the Alameda CTC effective July 1, 2010. The Alameda CTC held its first joint meeting on July 22, 2010 and approved its first consolidated budget for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 at its June 2011 meeting. For various reasons, including issues related to contracting with CalPERS and other required administrative tasks, the former agencies continued to exist through February 29, 2012 when they were legally dissolved and the Alameda CTC became the successor agency.

The Alameda CTC strives to plan, fund and deliver transportation programs and projects that expand access and improve mobility to foster a vibrant and livable Alameda County.

### **Financial Highlights**

- Total net position was \$219.2 million at June 30, 2013, a decrease of \$21.9 million or 9.1 percent from the prior fiscal year end primarily related to sales tax related capital project expenditures.
- Total assets decreased by \$41.9 million or 12.6 percent from \$331.7 million to \$289.8 million as of June 30, 2013 compared to June 30, 2012 also related to sales tax related capital project expenditures. Cash and investments comprised \$237.5 million or 81.9 percent of the total assets as of June 30, 2013.
- Revenues totaled \$159.0 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was a decrease of \$11.4 million or 6.7 percent from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 mostly related to more significant internal funding for ACCMA capital projects in fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 which was eliminated on a consolidated basis. Sales tax revenues comprised \$121.1 million or 76.1 percent of the total revenues for the fiscal year.
- Total liabilities decreased by \$20.0 million or 22.1 percent from \$90.5 million to \$70.5 million as of June 30, 2013 compared to June 30, 2012. This decrease is primarily due to a project management effort requiring more timely submission and, therefore more timely payment, of invoices from project sponsors.
- Expenses totaled \$181.0 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was a decrease of \$11.5 million from the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 mostly related to Measure B capital project expenditures.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

As required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, the financial report presents the following statements:

- A Statement of Net Position (presenting government-wide assets and liabilities).
- A Statement of Activities (presenting government-wide revenues and expenses).
- A Balance Sheet (presenting assets and liabilities for the governmental funds including the General Fund, ACTIA Special Revenue Fund, ACTIA Capital Projects Fund, ACTA Capital Projects Fund, ACCMA Capital Projects Fund, and the Nonmajor Governmental Funds).
- A Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances Governmental Funds (presenting revenues and expenditures by fund).
- Notes to the financial statements (providing additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements).
- A Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances Budget and Actual for the General Fund (presenting budget versus actual revenues and expenditures).
- A Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances Budget and Actual for the ACTIA Special Revenue Fund (presenting budget versus actual revenues and expenditures).

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, together, make up the *government-wide financial statements*. The Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances constitute the *fund financial statements*.

The *government-wide financial statements* report information using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The *Statement of Net Position* includes total assets and total liabilities with the difference between them reported as net position. Total revenues, total expenditures, and changes in net position are accounted for in the *Statement of Activities*, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *fund financial statements* provide additional information detailed by fund. A fund is a set of accounts used to control resources segregated for specific activities or purposes. The Alameda CTC has established funds to ensure resources are utilized for the purposes intended. Funds classified as major are required to be reported individually on the financial statements and funds classified as nonmajor can be grouped and reported in a single column.

The Alameda CTC has five major funds: the General Fund, ACTIA Special Revenue Fund, ACTIA Capital Projects Fund, ACTA Capital Projects Fund and ACCMA Capital Projects Fund.

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the chief operating fund. The General Fund receives 4.5 percent of all sales tax revenues to fund the administration of Measure B sales tax funds. Pursuant to the Transportation Expenditure Plan (TEP), administrative costs are limited to 4.5 percent of revenues collected by the Measure B sales tax. Pursuant to both the TEP and the Public Utilities Code (PUC), administrative salaries and benefits are limited to 1 percent of revenues collected by the Measure B sales tax. This fund is also used for administering and preparing the Congestion Management Plan and for programming federal, state, and local funds to implement the Congestion Management Plan.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

<u>ACTIA Special Revenue Fund</u> – The ACTIA Special Revenue Fund is made up of five subfunds designed to account for sales tax revenues and expenditures related to the implementation of all programs authorized in the 2000 Measure B TEP. These subfunds include the Express Bus, Paratransit (Service Gap), Regional Bicycle and Pedestrian, Transit-Oriented Development and the Programs Distribution Subfunds.

- <u>Express Bus Subfund</u> The Alameda CTC uses the Express Bus Subfund to provide funding to transit operators in Alameda County for maintenance of transit services, restoration of service cuts, expansion of transit services, and passenger safety and security.
- <u>*Paratransit (Service Gap) Subfund*</u> The Alameda CTC uses the Paratransit (Service Gap) Subfund to provide funding in Alameda County for special transportation for seniors and people with disabilities.
- <u>Regional Bicycle and Pedestrian Subfund</u> The Alameda CTC uses the Regional Bicycle and Pedestrian Subfund to provide funding to the cities and County of Alameda to be spent on planning and construction of bicycle and pedestrian projects.
- <u>*Transit-Oriented Development Subfund*</u> The Alameda CTC uses the Transit-Oriented Development Subfund to provide funding to the cities and County of Alameda to encourage development near transit centers.
- <u>Programs Distribution Subfund</u> The Alameda CTC uses the Programs Distribution Subfund to account for local streets and roads, bicycle and pedestrian, paratransit, and other sales tax revenues that are immediately passed through to the cities and County of Alameda to fund transportation needs based on local priorities.

<u>ACTIA Capital Projects Fund</u> – The ACTIA Capital Projects Fund is used to account for sales tax and other revenues and expenditures related to the implementation of capital projects designated to be funded in the 2000 Measure B TEP approved by the voters in November 2000.

<u>ACTA Capital Projects Fund</u> – The ACTA Capital Projects Fund is used to account for sales tax and other revenues and expenditures related to the implementation of capital projects designated to be funded in the 1986 Measure B TEP approved by the voters in November 1986.

<u>ACCMA Capital Projects Fund</u> – The ACCMA Capital Projects Fund is used to account for capital projects designed to implement the Congestion Management Plan for Alameda County. The amount of capital project revenues and expenditures for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 were \$30.1 million and \$29.6 million, respectively, with the difference transferred to the General Fund to help cover costs incurred to administer the congestion management program.

The Alameda CTC has three nonmajor funds: the Exchange Fund, the Transportation for Clean Air Fund, and the Vehicle Registration Fee Fund.

<u>Exchange Fund</u> – The Exchange Fund is used to account for all activity related to the Exchange Program. Under the Exchange Program, the Alameda CTC entered into agreements with several local agencies to exchange state or federal funds with local funding from other governments for various transportation projects. This program was developed to expedite projects by giving project sponsors the flexibility of using local funds rather than more restrictive state or federal funds. The Alameda CTC programs federal or state funds to "exchange" projects, which are able to use these funds, and in return receives local funds into the Exchange Fund from the "exchange" projects sponsors. These local funds are more flexible and can be used for projects that either do not have the ability to make use of state or federal funds, projects that would face unacceptable delays if state or federal funds were used or other transportation related commitments.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

The Alameda CTC has entered into the following exchange agreements as of June 30, 2013 since inception in 2000:

Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority	\$ 2,300,000
Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District	35,060,514
Bay Area Rapid Transit	8,100,000
City of Berkeley	259,560
City of Dublin	4,230,000
City of Fremont	5,983,256
City of Livermore	4,580,000
City of Union City	9,314,000
Metropolitan Transportation Commission	675,000
San Joaquin Regional Rail Commission	432,445
Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority	 558,000
Total Exchanged Funds	\$ 71,492,775

These exchanges were recognized as deferred revenue in the government-wide financial statements at the time the Alameda CTC entered into exchange agreements, and are being recognized as revenue when qualifying expenses are incurred. \$71.3 million of these exchanged funds have been collected and \$62.1 million has been expended as of June 30, 2013.

<u>ACCMA Special Revenue Funds</u> – The Alameda CTC has two ACCMA Special Revenue Funds related to fees imposed on vehicle registrations in Alameda County for which the Alameda CTC is required to administer funds, the *Vehicle Registration Fee (VRF) Fund* and the *Transportation for Clean Air (TFCA) Fund*. These two special revenue funds have been established to administer and account for these funding sources separately from other funding sources of the Alameda CTC to ensure that they are spent on the specific purpose intended.

The VRF funds are required to be used to implement transportation related programs and projects. Sixty (60) percent of net VRF collections are designated for local road improvements and repairs and will be allocated to the cities and County of Alameda automatically on a pass through basis by planning area based on a formula which was approved by the voters of Alameda County in Measure F on the November 2010 ballot. The remaining forty (40) percent designated for transit for congestion relief, local transportation technology, pedestrian, bicyclist access, and safety programs will be distributed on a discretionary basis by planning area. Master Program Funding Agreements have been executed with the cities and County of Alameda to govern the flow of VRF funds. Pass through funding for local road improvements and repairs began flowing to the cities and County of Alameda in June 2012.

TFCA funds are required to be used to implement projects aimed at reducing air pollution through the reduction of motor vehicle emissions. Sixty percent of TFCA funds are administered by the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD). Forty percent of net TFCA funds, administered by Alameda CTC, are designated for projects and programs that result in vehicle emission reductions and meet the BAAQMD's requirements for project cost-effectiveness on a discretionary basis. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Alameda CTC provided funding to various sponsors including, but not limited to, Hayward for a Traffic Signal Controller Upgrade and Synchronization project, Livermore Amador Valley Transit Authority for the Bus Rapid Transit Route 10 and Routes 53 and 54 shuttles to the Altamont Commuter Express, California State University East Bay for campus shuttle operations and a Transportation Demand Management Program, Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District for an Easy Pass Program, and the City of Fremont for the North Fremont Arterial Management project.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

These funds were also utilized to fund internal projects and programs including the Webster Street SMART Corridors project and the Guaranteed Ride Home Program.

The Alameda CTC also has one Fiduciary Fund.

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> – The Fiduciary Fund is used to account for a trust set up to accumulate funds for postemployment benefits other than pensions for retirees. Fiduciary fund activity is reported in separate financial statements because a fiduciary fund is not considered an available resource of the Alameda CTC.

This fiduciary fund was established prior to the consolidation of the agencies to accumulate funds for ACTIA post-employment benefits. The ACCMA had set up a separate California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT) with CalPERS to accumulate funds for the same purpose. During fiscal year 2013 both fiduciary funds were dissolved with the proceeds being transferred to a new consolidated Alameda CTC CERBT trust administered by CalPERS for the purpose of accumulating funds for Alameda CTC post-employment benefits other than pensions.

The *notes to the financial statements* provide additional information that is vital to the understanding of the financial statements. These notes can be found directly following the financial statements in this financial report.

#### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

#### Net Position

As of June 30, 2013, total assets were \$289.8 million, a decrease of \$41.9 million or 12.6 percent from June 30, 2012 with cash and investments accounting for \$237.5 million or 81.9 percent of this amount.

Total liabilities were \$70.5 million as of June 30, 2013, a decrease of \$20.0 million or 22.1 percent from June 30, 2012. The significant disparity of cash over liabilities demonstrates that the Alameda CTC is well able to meet its obligations as they become due. As of June 30, 2013, the Alameda CTC had commitments for \$31.7 million towards engineering contracts, \$12.8 million towards construction contracts and \$277.7 million towards project sponsor contracts with terms ranging up to ten (10) years.

Net position was \$219.2 million at June 30, 2013, a decrease of \$21.9 million or 9.1 percent from June 30, 2012. Of the total \$219.2 million in net position at June 30, 2013, less than \$0.1 million or 0.02 percent is invested in capital assets, \$21.6 million or 9.84 percent is unrestricted and the balance of \$197.6 million or 90.14 percent is restricted for use towards programs and projects authorized in the Measure B 1986 and 2000 TEPs and congestion management projects.

The Alameda CTC does not record capital assets created by the projects it finances on its own financial statements since these assets are of value only to the local government in which they are located.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

June 30, 2013 and 2012			
	Governmen	tal Activities	
	2013	2012	
Cash and Investments	\$ 237,453,707	\$283,246,488	
Receivables			
Sales tax receivables	20,375,501	18,367,599	
Interest	457,252	90,270	
Other	27,068,625	25,619,435	
Land held for resale	4,068,000	4,068,000	
Prepaid and other assets	306,483	213,093	
Capital assets			
Furniture and equipment (net of accumulated			
depreciation)	50,632	110,699	
Total Assets	\$ 289,780,200	\$ 331,715,584	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities	\$ 46,150,242	\$ 64,074,400	
Deferred revenue	24,386,467	26,420,220	
Net OPEB obligation	-	27,915	
Total Liabilities	70,536,709	90,522,535	
Net Position:			
Net investment in capital assets	50,632	110,699	
Restricted for:			
Transportation projects/programs	197,621,263	218,026,143	
Unrestricted	21,571,596	23,056,207	
Total Net Position	219,243,491	241,193,049	
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 289,780,200	\$ 331,715,584	

#### Statement of Net Position June 30, 2013 and 2012

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

#### Change in Net Position

Total revenues during fiscal year 2013 were \$159.0 million, a decrease of \$11.4 million or 6.7 percent from fiscal year 2012. This decrease can be attributed to a decrease in Exchange Fund revenues and outside revenue sources for the congestion management program as more funding came from internal funding sources in fiscal year 2013 and therefore were eliminated on a consolidated basis. Total Expenses during fiscal year 2013 were \$181.0 million, a decrease of \$11.5 million or 6.0 percent from fiscal year 2012. This decrease is due to the changing phases and schedule of the congestion management capital projects as well as the elimination of internal funding sources granted between funds are eliminated on a consolidated basis to ensure that revenues are not double counted on a consolidated basis in total revenues for the Alameda CTC.

The following are changes in key activities during fiscal year 2013:

- Operating grants and contributions for fiscal year 2013 were \$17.1 million, a decrease of \$5.5 million or 24.4 percent from fiscal year 2012. This change is primarily related to a decrease in Exchange Fund revenues in fiscal year 2013.
- Capital grants and contributions for fiscal year 2013 were \$19.1 million, a decrease of \$13.4 million or 41.1 percent from fiscal year 2012. This change is mostly due to a decrease in outside funding sources for the congestion management program as more funding came from internal funding sources in fiscal year 2013.
- Sales tax revenues for fiscal year 2013 were \$121.1 million, an increase of \$8.5 million or 7.6 percent over fiscal year 2012.
- Administration expenses for fiscal year 2013 were \$12.0 million, an increase of \$0.6 million or 5.7 percent from fiscal year 2012, mostly related to the cost for putting Measure B1 on the ballot in November 2012.
- Transportation improvement costs for fiscal year 2013 were \$131.3 million, a decrease of \$3.8 million or 2.8 percent.
- Congestion management expenses for fiscal year 2013 were \$37.7 million, a decrease of \$8.4 million or 18.2 percent from fiscal year 2012. This decrease is due to the changing phases and schedule of the congestion management capital projects as well as the elimination of internal funding expenses that were eliminated on a consolidated basis.

During fiscal year 2013, expenses exceeded revenues by \$21.9 million resulting in a decrease to net position which was \$219.2 million as of June 30, 2013.

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

### Changes in Net Position June 30, 2013 and 2012

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>		
	2013 2012		
Revenues			
Program revenues:			
Operating grants and contributions	\$ 17,112,291	\$ 22,634,296	
Capital grants and contributions	19,051,245	32,521,003	
General revenues:			
Sales taxes	121,084,780	112,568,093	
Member agency fees	1,394,818	1,315,867	
Investment income	172,499	956,225	
Other	203,252	412,178	
Total Revenues	159,018,885	170,407,662	
Expenses			
Administration	11,981,445	11,338,750	
Transportation improvements	131,266,274	135,067,898	
Congestion management	37,720,724	46,101,090	
Total Expenses	180,968,443	192,507,738	
Change in Net Position	(21,949,558)	(22,100,076)	
Net Position, Beginning of Year	241,193,049	263,293,125	
Net Position, End of Year	\$ 219,243,491	\$ 241,193,049	

# MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013



## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

#### **Governmental Funds Financial Analysis**

The Alameda CTC uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Governmental funds include the General Fund, ACTIA Special Revenue Fund, ACTIA Capital Projects Fund, ACTA Capital Projects Fund, ACCMA Capital Projects Fund, and the nonmajor funds including the Exchange Fund, Transportation for Clean Air Fund, and Vehicle Registration Fee Fund.

As of June 30, 2013, the Alameda CTC had \$219.2 million of fund balance in the governmental funds: \$20.4 million in the General Fund, \$9.1 million in the ACTIA Special Revenue Fund, \$46.6 million in the ACTIA Capital Projects Fund, \$128.5 million in the ACTA Capital Projects Fund and \$14.6 million in the nonmajor governmental funds. This is a decrease from June 30, 2012 of \$21.9 million or 9.1 percent. This decrease is mostly due to public transit and highways and streets related expenditures in the ACTIA and ACTA Capital Projects Funds. Construction on ACTA capital projects will continue until projects are completed. However, as of March 31, 2002 when the 1986 Measure B expired, this fund is no longer eligible to receive sales tax revenues.

For the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013, the Alameda CTC had \$159.0 million of revenues in the governmental funds: \$10.8 million in the General Fund, \$69.4 million in the ACTIA Special Revenue Fund, \$48.6 million in the ACTIA Capital Projects Fund, \$0.2 million in the ACTA Capital Projects Fund, \$30.1 million in the ACCMA Capital Projects Fund, \$14.0 million in the nonmajor governmental funds less \$14.1 million of interfund revenues which have been eliminated on a consolidated basis. This is a decrease from June 30, 2012 of \$21.4 million or 11.9 percent. This decrease can be attributed to a decrease in Exchange Fund revenues and outside revenue sources for the congestion management program as more funding came from internal funding sources in fiscal year 2013 and therefore were eliminated on a consolidated basis.

For the period July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013, the Alameda CTC had \$180.9 million of expenditures in the governmental funds: \$9.2 million in the General Fund, \$69.5 million in the ACTIA Special Revenue Fund, \$60.7 million in the ACTIA Capital Projects Fund, \$13.2 million in the ACTA Capital Projects Fund, \$29.6 million in the ACCMA Capital Projects Fund, \$12.7 million in the nonmajor governmental funds less \$14.1 million of interfund expenditures which have been eliminated on a consolidated basis. This is a decrease of \$45.0 million or 19.9 percent from June 30, 2012. This decrease is primarily due to Measure B Capital Projects Fund expenditures for public transit and highway and streets projects.

As of June 30, 2013, the Alameda CTC had \$289.6 million of assets in the governmental funds: \$32.5 million in the General Fund, \$26.5 million in the ACTIA Special Revenue Fund, \$63.6 million in the ACTIA Capital Projects Fund, \$131.0 million in the ACTA Capital Projects Fund, \$35.0 million in the ACCMA Capital Projects Fund, \$28.4 million in the nonmajor governmental funds less \$27.4 million of assets which have been eliminated on a consolidated basis. This is a decrease of \$41.9 million or 12.6 percent from June 30, 2012. This decrease is mostly attributed to a decrease of cash and investments in the ACTIA capital Projects Funds as they continue to fund projects authorized in the TEP while the ACTA Capital Projects Fund no longer collects sales tax revenues.

As of June 30, 2013, the Alameda CTC had \$70.4 million of liabilities in the governmental funds: \$12.1 million in the General Fund, \$17.3 million in the ACTIA Special Revenue Fund, \$17.1 million in the ACTIA Capital Projects Fund, \$2.5 million in the ACTA Capital Projects Fund, \$35.0 million in the ACCMA Capital Projects Fund, \$13.8 million in the nonmajor governmental funds less \$27.4 million of liabilities which have been eliminated on a consolidated basis. This is a decrease of \$20.0 million or 22.1 percent from June 30, 2012. This decrease is primarily due to a project management effort requiring more timely submission, and therefore more timely payment, of invoices from project sponsors.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

#### **Capital Assets**

As of June 30, 2013, the Alameda CTC had \$50,632 invested in capital assets, including furniture and equipment and leasehold improvements.

#### Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization) As of June 30, 2013 and 2012

	 2013	 2012
Furniture and equipment		
(net of accumulated depreciation)	\$ 43,908	\$ 66,464
Leasehold improvements		
(net of accumulated amortization)	6,724	44,235
Total	\$ 50,632	\$ 110,699

#### **Comparison of Budget to Actual**

<u>General Fund</u> - The Alameda CTC began the fiscal year with an adopted revenue budget of \$13.3 million, an expenditures budget of \$15.6 million and a budgeted transfer in the amount of \$0.9 million resulting in a reduction in the General Fund balance of \$1.3 million. In the final adopted budget, the revenue budget was revised to \$11.7 million and the expenditure budget was revised to \$12.1 million resulting in a surplus in the General Fund of \$0.6 million. The adjustments were mostly related to a decrease in projected planning project expenditures.

Actual revenues from sales tax, project revenues, member agency fees, investment income and other were \$10.8 million which is less than final budget by \$0.9 million or 7.6 percent and actual administrative expenditures were \$9.2 million which is less than final budget by \$2.8 million or 23.5 percent. These variances are mostly related to planning activities in the General Fund which are billed to funding agencies on a reimbursement basis. Since expenditures were below budget, consequently so were revenues.

#### **Other Significant Matters**

<u>Transportation Expenditure Plans into the Future</u> – In November 2012, the Alameda CTC placed Measure B1 on the ballot for Alameda County. Measure B1, a sales tax measure that would have augmented and extended the county's existing half-cent transportation sales tax, was supported by the 2012 Transportation Expenditure Plan (2012 TEP). Because it was a special tax, Measure B1 required two-thirds or 66.67 percent voter approval to pass. Alameda County voters came out in strong support of Measure B1. However when all the votes were counted the measure received 66.53 percent approval of the Alameda County voters, just 0.14 percent short of passing. The measure would have provided Alameda County with \$7.8 billion in funding over the next 30 years to increase mobility, create jobs, reduce congestion and protect the environment. The 2012 TEP responded to the many transportation needs in Alameda County by providing details of how the funds would have been used to restore and expand transit services, fix potholes and reduce highway congestion, expand bicycle and pedestrian access and connect transit with housing and jobs.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

The Alameda CTC has formed an ad hoc committee of the Commission to address the next steps in Alameda County's transportation expenditure plan development and placement on the ballot. The committee is made up of members from the board of supervisors and cities representing all areas of the County. Formation of an ad hoc committee of the Commission will enable a focused discussion on reauthorization of the current transportation sales tax program, a determination on the appropriate time to place another sales tax measure on the ballot, a framework for which a transportation expenditure plan could be developed and what should be included, and the duration of the new sales tax program.

<u>One Bay Area Grant Program</u> – One of the most significant planning and programming efforts developed by staff in fiscal year 2013 was the One Bay Area Grant (OBAG) Program. The goal of the OBAG Program is to provide flexible funding to support the Sustainable Communities Strategy (SCS) in the Bay Area. The SCS aims to link housing and transportation in order to reduce greenhouse gas emissions and provide housing for residents of all income levels. To meet these goals, the OBAG program funds programs that support Priority Development Areas (PDA) including local streets and roads, bike and pedestrian infrastructure and transit oriented development. After extensive review, discussion and community input, the Commission approved the OBAG Program guidelines and selection criteria in December 2012. In February 2013, the Alameda CTC issued a coordinated call for projects which included OBAG, Measure B and VRF funding totaling more than \$70 million. Sixty-Nine (69) applications requesting \$121.1 million in funding for projects supporting PDAs and PCAs were received. After a rigorous evaluation process to prioritize projects that link transportation improvements with land-use decisions, relieve congestion and improve the region's air quality by a review team comprised of staff and consultants, final recommendations were approved by the Commission at its June 2013 meeting. The final recommendations approved by the Commission include funding for 38 projects throughout Alameda County.

<u>Proposition 1B I-Bond Projects</u> – In 2006, Alameda CTC aggressively pursued additional funding from the Proposition 1B Program for vital highway projects throughout Alameda County. Alameda CTC worked with the Metropolitan Transportation Commission (MTC) to submit recommendations for various Alameda County projects to the California Transportation Commission (CTC). The CTC selected seven of the projects recommended by Alameda CTC and MTC. Since the merger of the agencies and particularly throughout fiscal year 2013, the Projects and Programming staff have worked diligently to ensure that each of these projects were shovel ready in order to receive CTC approval for the I-Bond funds before the funding timeframe expired. In August 2013, Alameda CTC secured the CTC's approval for funding on the final I-Bond project to go into the construction phase in the amount of \$73.4 million of Trade Corridors Improvement Fund (TCIF) I-Bond funding for the I-880 North Safety and Operational Improvements at 23<sup>rd</sup> and 29<sup>th</sup> Avenues Project. With this last project, Alameda CTC has successfully secured a total of \$421.2 million in Proposition 1B Bond funding towards the delivery of an \$801.2 million construction program.

<u>Sunol Smart Carpool Lane</u> - A Joint Powers Agreement (Agreement) between the Alameda CTC's former agencies, ACTIA and ACCMA, and the Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority established the Sunol Smart Carpool Lane (Lane), which created the Sunol Smart Carpool Lane Joint Powers Authority (SSCLJPA). The Agreement named the Alameda CTC as the managing agency for the project on behalf of the SSCLJPA. The Lane began operations on September 20, 2010 gaining its authority to operate in California through State law amended by 2004 legislation, AB 2032. During the transition/warranty period from construction to full operations, the Alameda CTC agreed to cover the cost of operations on behalf of the Authority via its capital project program funded by various federal, state and local sources through June 30, 2012. Fiscal year 2013 is the first year the SSCLJPA began paying for its own operating costs. Since inception, the Lane has continued to show growth in revenues and riders from week to week and is expected to be independently sustainable in the near future.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS JUNE 30, 2013

<u>Vehicle Registration Fee</u> - In November 2010, a majority (62.8 percent) of Alameda County voters approved Measure F to fund transportation related programs and projects. Measure F added \$10 to all motor vehicle registration fees collected by the Department of Motor Vehicles in Alameda County. The Expenditure Plan approved with the measure allocates revenue from the VRF to transportation-related programs and projects that must have a relationship or benefit to the persons who pay the fee and also must sustain the County's transportation network and reduce traffic congestion and vehicle-related pollution. The measure is expected to generate approximately \$11 million annually which will be distributed net of administrative costs based on the approved Expenditure Plan in the following manner:

- Local Road Improvement and Repair Program (60 percent)
- Transit for Congestion Relief Program (25 percent)
- Local Transportation Technology Program (10 percent)
- Pedestrian and Bicyclist Safety Program (5 percent)

The Alameda CTC began receiving the related VRF revenues in June 2011. Pass through funding for local road improvements and repairs began flowing to the cities and the County of Alameda in June 2012.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Alameda CTC's finances for all those interested in government finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of Accounting at 1111 Broadway, Suite 800, Oakland, CA 94607.

## STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 237,453,707
Sales tax receivable	20,375,501
Interest receivable	457,252
Other receivable	27,068,625
Land held for resale	4,068,000
Prepaids and other assets	306,483
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	50,632
Total Assets	289,780,200
LIABILITIES	16 150 040
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	46,150,242
Deferred revenues	24,386,467
Total Liabilities	70,536,709
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	50,632
Restricted	197,621,263
Unrestricted	21,571,596
Total Net Position	\$ 219,243,491

## STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Program Revenues			Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
		<b>Operating</b> Capital		Total			
	_	Grants and	Grants and		Governmental		
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Contributions	Contributions		Activities		
<b>Governmental Activities</b>							
Administration	\$ 11,981,445	\$ -	\$ -	\$	(11,981,445)		
Transportation improvement	131,266,274	102,943	1,644,334		(129,518,997)		
Congestion management	37,720,724	17,009,348	17,406,911		(3,304,465)		
<b>Total Governmental Activities</b>	\$ 180,968,443	\$ 17,112,291	\$ 19,051,245		(144,804,907)		
	General revenue	es and subvention	ns:		101 004 700		
	Sales tax				121,084,780		
	Member agency	1,394,818					
	Interest and inv	172,499					
	203,252						
		122,855,349					
	Change in Net P		(21,949,558)				
	Net Position - Beginning						
	Net Position - En	\$	219,243,491				

### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2013

	General Fund		ACTIA Special Revenue Fund		ACTIA Capital Projects Fund	
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	27,670,648	\$	14,784,579	\$	53,656,586
Sales tax receivable		916,898		11,655,703		7,802,900
Interest receivable		1,521		4,277		84,821
Other receivable		3,454,099		26,187		1,643,772
Due from other funds		192,478		-		440,163
Land held for sale		-		-		-
Prepaids and other assets		270,970				-
Total Assets	\$	32,506,614	\$	26,470,746	\$	63,628,242
FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$	1,324,233 10,824,395	\$	17,287,726 17,252 34,154	\$	12,862,796 4,191,276
Total Liabilities		12,148,628		17,339,132		17,054,072
Fund Balances Restricted				0 121 614		
ACTIA special revenue		-		9,131,614		-
Capital projects		-		-		46,574,170
Transportation for clean air		-		-		-
Vehicle registration fees		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-
Unassigned Total Fund Balances		20,357,986		-		-
Total Fund Balances Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	¢	20,357,986	¢	9,131,614	\$	46,574,170
i otai Liabilities allu Fullu Dalallees	\$	32,506,614	\$	26,470,746	Э	63,628,242

Ca	ACTA pital Projects Fund	Caj	ACCMA pital Projects Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Inter-Fund Eliminations		G	Total Governmental Funds	
\$	116,483,245	\$	9,952,767	\$	14,905,882	\$	-	\$	237,453,707	
	-		-		-		-		20,375,501	
	349,600		9,462		7,571		-		457,252	
	34,604		18,676,352		3,081,156		-		26,916,170	
	10,000,000		6,384,589		10,412,927		(27,430,157)		-	
	4,068,000		-		-		-		4,068,000	
	35,513		-		-		-		306,483	
\$	130,970,962	\$	35,023,170	\$	28,407,536	\$	(27,430,157)	\$	289,577,113	
\$	2,484,598 308	\$	10,543,173 9,561,505	\$	1,647,716 2,835,421	\$	- (27,430,157)	\$	46,150,242	
	-		14,918,492		9,281,366		(27,430,137)		24,234,012	
	2,484,906		35,023,170		13,764,503		(27,430,157)		70,384,254	
			<u> </u>						9,131,614	
	- 128,486,056		-		-		-		9,131,014	
	120,400,030		-		3,707,742		-		3,707,742	
	-		-		9,721,681		-		9,721,681	
	-		-		1,213,610		-		1,213,610	
	-		_				_		20,357,986	
	128,486,056				14,643,033				219,192,859	
\$	130,970,962	\$	35,023,170	\$	28,407,536	\$	(27,430,157)	\$	289,577,113	
_		<u> </u>	· · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>	- 7 7	<u> </u>				

## **RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013**

## **Reconciliation of Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to Net Position on the Statement of Net Position**

Fund Balances on Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$ 219,192,859
Certain long-term receivables are recognized on the Statement of Net Position, but because these receivables are not available as current resources, they are not recognized on the governmental funds' balance sheet.	152,455
Certain deferrals of revenue are recognized on the Statement of Net Position, but because these deferrals of revenues are not available as current resources, they are not recognized on the governmental funds' balance sheet.	(152,455)
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	50,632
Net Position on Statement of Net Position	\$ 219,243,491

# GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	General Fund	ACTIA Special Revenue Fund		ACTIA Capital Projects Fund	
REVENUES					
Sales tax	\$ 5,448,815	\$	69,265,943	\$	46,370,022
Project revenue	3,772,035		102,943		2,084,497
Member agency fees	1,394,818		-		-
Vehicle registration fees	-		-		-
Investment income	18,103		18,989		112,398
Other income	192,953		24,337		-
Total Revenues	10,826,724		69,412,212		48,566,917
EXPENDITURES					
Administrative					
Salaries and benefits	3,060,749		183,217		115,462
Office rent	788,189		-		-
Professional services	1,656,940		1,103,352		-
Planning and programming	1,561,829		-		-
Other	2,168,009		24,337		3,156
Transportation improvements					
Highways and streets	-		-		17,306,921
Public transit	-		37,183,713		41,205,395
Local transportation	-		31,038,235		2,108,726
Congestion management	-		-		-
Total Expenditures	9,235,716		69,532,854		60,739,660
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Operating transfer in	445,577		-		-
Operating transfer out	-		-		-
Total Other Financing Sources (uses)	445,577		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	2,036,585		(120,642)		(12,172,743)
Fund Balances - Beginning	18,321,401		9,252,256		58,746,913
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 20,357,986	\$	9,131,614	\$	46,574,170

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

ACTA ACCMA Capital Projects Fund Fund		Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Inter-Fund Eliminations	Total Governmental Funds	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 121,084,780	
-	30,299,929	1,962,620	(14,123,543)	24,098,481	
-	-	-	-	1,394,818	
-	-	12,065,055	-	12,065,055	
210,335	(209,547)	22,221	-	172,499	
10,299	-	-	(24,337)	203,252	
220,634	30,090,382	14,049,896	(14,147,880)	159,018,885	
258,106	338,275	315,408	-	4,271,217	
115,652	-	-	-	903,841	
101,117	-	61,846	-	2,923,255	
-	-	-	-	1,561,829	
117,986	-	108,108	(132,445)	2,289,151	
12,624,029	-	-	(2,210,587)	27,720,363	
-	-	-	(6,347,270)	72,041,838	
-	-	-	(1,642,888)	31,504,073	
-	29,306,530	12,228,884	(3,814,690)	37,720,724	
13,216,890	29,644,805	12,714,246	(14,147,880)	180,936,291	
-	-	-	-	445,577	
	(445,577)			(445,577)	
(12,006,256)	(445,577)	-		(21.017.40c)	
(12,996,256)	-	1,335,650	-	(21,917,406)	
141,482,312 \$ 128,486,056		13,307,383 \$ 14,643,033		241,110,265 \$ 219,192,859	
\$ 128,486,056	<u>ф -</u>	\$ 14,643,033	ф –	\$ 219,192,859	

# RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

# **Reconciliation of Net Change in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position on Statement of Activities**

Net Change in Fund Balances on governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances.	\$ (21,917,406)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures, however are capitalized in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over the estimated useful life of the asset as depreciation. The governmental funds reports capital asset additions of \$23,768 and the Statement of Activities reports depreciation expense of \$83,835.	(60,067)
In the Statement of Activities, other postemployment benefits are measured by the annual required contribution of the employer. In the governmental funds, expenditures for postemployment benefits are measured by the amount actually contributed. The difference between the Annual Required Contribution (ARC) and the amount actually contributed is reported in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount of the OPEB contributions that exceeded the ARC.	27,915
Change in Net Position on Statement of Activities	\$ (21,949,558)

# FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2013

	Retiree Benefits Trust Fund
ASSETS	
Deposits and investments	\$
Total Assets	
NET POSITION	
Total Net Position	\$ -

# FIDUCIARY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Retiree Benefits Trust Fund
ADDITIONS:	¢
Net investments income	\$ 839
Total Additions	839
DEDUCTIONS:	
Transfer to California Employer Retirement Benefit Trust	911,211
Total Deductions	911,211
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	
Net Position - Beginning	910,372
Net Position - Ending	\$ -

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

## NOTE 1 - REPORTING ENTITY

The Alameda County Transportation Authority (ACTA) was created by the approval of Measure B in November 1986. Measure B authorized the imposition of a one-half of one percent sales and use tax in the County. The proceeds are principally reserved for highway improvements, local transportation improvements, and transit funding in the County. The sales tax commenced April 1, 1987 and expired on March 31, 2002. ACTA was responsible for completing all of the projects in the expenditure plan adopted by voters, or to delegate this responsibility. Revenues from interest on the fund balance are estimated to cover all future administrative costs. ACTA was the sole independent authority responsible for receiving and allocating funds from the 1986 Measure B necessary to complete the program.

The Alameda County Board of Supervisors created the Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority (ACTIA) in 1998, to place a ballot measure to authorize the imposition of a one-half of one percent sales and use tax (the sales tax) in Alameda County before Alameda County voters in June 1998. This measure did not receive the required two-thirds voter support to pass. A subsequent ballot measure was placed on the November 2000 ballot, and was approved by over two-thirds of the voters. The proceeds from the sales tax are principally reserved for highway infrastructure, mass transit, local transportation, and administrative costs. The sales tax commenced April 1, 2002 and will expire on March 31, 2022.

In June 1990, California voters approved a fuel tax increase as part of Propositions 111 and 108. To receive a share of the fuel tax revenues, local governments must conform to a Congestion Management Program (CMP). A Joint Powers Agreement dated February 20, 1991 between Alameda County, all fourteen cities in the County, and four transit operators (the Member Agencies) created the Alameda County Congestion Management Agency (ACCMA). The ACCMA was responsible for preparing, adopting, revising, amending, administering, and implementing the CMP and the Countywide Transportation Plan (CWTP) for Alameda County pursuant to §65088 at seq. of the Government Code, and providing other transportation planning and programming functions.

On March 25, 2010, ACTIA, ACCMA, the County of Alameda, the fourteen cities within Alameda County, the Bay Area Rapid Transit District, and the Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District entered into a Joint Powers Agreement. On June 24, 2010, the Boards of ACTIA and ACCMA created a joint powers agency, pursuant to the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act, known as the Alameda County Transportation Commission (Alameda CTC). The Alameda CTC is the successor agency of ACCMA and ACTIA. On June 24, 2010, the ACTA Board adopted a resolution to transfer all of ACTA's assets, responsibilities, functions, and liabilities to ACTIA, effective on July 1, 2010. ACTA was dissolved and extinguished effective July 1, 2010, following the transfer.

On February 23, 2012, at a joint meeting, the ACTIA and the ACCMA Boards of Directors adopted a resolution to transfer all of ACTIA's and ACCMA's assets, responsibilities, functions, and liabilities to the Alameda CTC effective March 1, 2012.

The Alameda CTC's mission is to plan, fund and deliver a broad spectrum of transportation projects and programs to enhance mobility throughout Alameda County. Each of the projects and programs sponsored by the Alameda CTC is funded through one or more federal, state, regional or local sources. The Alameda CTC is reimbursed from grants as eligible program or project implementation costs are incurred. Administrative and staff costs associated with implementing the legislatively mandated activities, such as the Congestion Management Program and the Countywide Transportation Plan, as well as the programming of federal and state transportation funds through the California Department of Transportation (Caltrans) and the California Transportation Commission are met through planning and programming grants from the Metropolitan Transportation Commission and Caltrans, member agency annual dues and other local funding sources.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

The Alameda CTC is governed by a twenty-two member Commission made up of five members of the Alameda County Board of Supervisors, two members representing the City of Oakland, 13 members each representing one of the other 13 cities in Alameda County, one member representing the Bay Area Rapid Transit District and one member representing Alameda-Contra Costa Transit District. Four community advisory committees including the Bicycle and Pedestrian Advisory Committee, Citizens Advisory Committee, Citizens Watchdog Committee and Paratransit Advisory and Planning Committee extend the Alameda CTC's work and the Alameda County Technical Advisory Committee will continue to provide technical feedback to the Alameda CTC.

These financial statements present the results of financial operations of the Alameda CTC as of June 30, 2013 and for the fiscal year then ended.

## NOTE 2 – SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## **Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements**

The government-wide financial statements report information on all activities of the Alameda CTC. The effect of inter-fund activity is eliminated from these statements.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Sales tax revenues are recorded when the taxes are due from the State Board of Equalization. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with the Alameda CTC's primary functions. Program revenues consist of grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements. Interest and other revenues not included in program revenues are reported as general revenues.

The Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances, are reported in separate columns in the fund financial statements. Nonmajor funds are summarized and presented in one column of the fund financial statements.

The Alameda CTC uses the following funds:

**General Fund** - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Alameda CTC. Its purpose is to account for all financial resources and transactions not accounted for in another fund. Included in the General Fund is a subfund that accounts for the administration costs related to the 2000 Measure B Sales Tax Program (Measure B), which is limited to 4.5 percent of net revenues. Administration costs include salaries, benefits, professional fees, rent expense, office supplies and equipment, utilities, and other costs that cannot be specifically identified with another fund. Administrative salaries and benefits in support of Measure B are limited by the Transportation Expenditure Plan (TEP) and the Public Utilities Code to one percent of sales tax revenues. Revenues in excess of administrative expenditures in any one year are reserved for future administrative costs.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

**Special Revenue Fund** - Special Revenue Funds are established to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities and that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

**ACTIA Special Revenue Fund** - The ACTIA Special Revenue Fund accounts for resources accumulated as required by Measure B for restricted allocation to local cities and the County for local transportation improvements, streets and roads, and to transit agencies for operations and maintenance.

**Nonmajor Vehicle Registration Fee Fund** - The Vehicle Registration Fee Fund accounts for the November 2010, Measure F Vehicle Registration Fee (VRF) Program. Collection of the \$10 per year, per vehicle registration fee started in the first week of May 2011. The goal of the VRF program is to sustain the County's transportation network and reduce traffic congestion and vehicle related pollution.

**Nonmajor Transportation for Clean Air Fund** - Alameda County has a four-dollar per vehicle registration fee to support projects of the Bay Area Air Quality Management District (BAAQMD). Of the total collections, BAAQMD passes 40 percent of the proceeds to the Alameda CTC, which is tasked with programming the revenues to various pollution reducing projects within Alameda County. The Transportation for Clean Air Fund accounts for this activity.

**Nonmajor Exchange Fund** - The Exchange Fund accounts for the proceeds and expenditures of the Alameda CTC's Exchange Program, which is described in more detail in Note 5.

## **Capital Project Funds**

Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the acquisition, or construction of major capital construction and other capital assets. The Alameda CTC uses the following capital projects funds:

**ACTIA Capital Projects Fund** - The ACTIA Capital Projects Fund accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for the acquisition or construction of major capital improvements in accordance with the Alameda County 2000 Measure B 20-Year Transportation Expenditure Plan.

**ACTA Capital Projects Fund** - The ACTA Capital Projects Fund accounts for the construction of major capital improvements in accordance with the 1986 Measure B Transportation Expenditure Plan.

**ACCMA Capital Projects Funds** - The ACCMA Capital Projects Fund accounts for the proceeds and expenditures related to the construction of capital improvement projects. These projects are implemented to reduce congestion or improve mobility in Alameda County.

The Alameda CTC does not retain ownership of the assets produced in relation to capital improvements to which it provides funding through its Capital Project Funds. The assets are transferred to the sponsor or managing jurisdiction upon completion.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

## **Fiduciary Fund**

Fiduciary Funds are trust funds used to account for the assets held by the Alameda CTC under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the Alameda CTC's programs. The Alameda CTC's Fiduciary Fund is a trust fund which accounts for retiree medical benefits and allocated resources to provide medical benefits for retirees. The Fiduciary Fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position.

## **Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting**

The Alameda CTC's governmental fund financial statements are presented on a modified accrual basis of accounting. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues when they are both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount can be determined. Available means that they are collectible within the current period or soon thereafter to pay current liabilities. The Alameda CTC considers revenues available if they are collected within six months after fiscal year end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred.

The modified accrual basis of accounting uses the current financial resources measurement focus whereby the Balance Sheet generally presents only current assets and current liabilities and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances presents sources and uses of available resources during a given period. Sales tax revenue, grant revenues, local matching revenue, and investment income, including the change in the fair value of investments, associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues in the current reporting period using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the Alameda CTC.

## **Net Position**

Net position is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position in the following categories:

**Net investment in capital assets** - This category includes all capital assets net of accumulated depreciation. The Alameda CTC has no capital related debt.

**Restricted net position** - This category represents assets with external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Unrestricted net position** - This category represents net position of the Alameda CTC that is not restricted for any project or other purpose.

When both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available, unrestricted resources are used only after the restricted resources are depleted.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

## Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances represent the net current assets of each fund. Net current assets generally represent a fund's cash and receivables, less its liabilities.

The fund balances are classified in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 54 (GASB 54), *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, which requires the classification of fund balances based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the Alameda CTC prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Assigned and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint. The three classifications are discussed in more detail below:

**Restricted** - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Assigned** - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the Alameda CTC intends to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the governing body or by a designee of the governing body, and are not subject to the restricted or the committed levels of constraint.

**Unassigned** - In the general fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

Restricted and assigned fund balances are required to be used for transportation related projects and programs designed to reduce congestion or improve mobility in Alameda County.

## **Spending Order Policy**

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Alameda CTC considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the Alameda CTC considers amounts to have been spent first out of assigned funds and then unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has directed otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

## **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

## Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Included in investment income is the net change in the fair value of investments that consists of the realized gains or losses and the unrealized appreciation or depreciation of those investments. Measurement of the fair value of investments is based upon quoted market prices, if available. The estimated fair value of investments that have no quoted market price is determined based on equivalent yields for such securities or for securities of comparable maturity, quality, and type as obtained from market makers.

## Budget

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Commission annually adopts a budget for all of its governmental funds using the modified accrual basis of accounting for the following fiscal year. The Commission may approve budget modifications during the year as needed. Expenditures that exceed the total approved budget by fund are not permitted without Commission approval.

The Executive Director is authorized to approve expenditures in excess of budgeted line items as long as the total expenditure budget within each of the governmental funds is not overspent. Appropriation authority lapses at the end of the fiscal year on the General, Special Revenue and the Exchange Funds.

The Commission adopts a rolling Capital Projects Fund budget. Any unutilized capital project budget authority on a specific project is rolled to the next fiscal year. The Commission adopts increases as requested to the capital budget by individual project with the annual budget and may approve modifications during the year as needed. The Executive Director or his designee approves reimbursements to project sponsors, and reimbursements are not to exceed contract and strategic plan limits.

## **Compensated Absences**

The Alameda CTC's policy permits employees to accumulate up to 10 weeks of accrued vacation from year to year depending on the number of years they have been employed by the Alameda CTC or its predecessor agencies. The accrual for compensated absences as of June 30, 2013 is \$192,011. The Alameda CTC is not obligated to pay for unused sick leave if an employee terminates employment prior to retirement or prior to when the Alameda CTC ceases operations.

## NOTE 3 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

**Investment in the State Investment Pool -** The Alameda CTC is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) which is regulated by California government code §16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the Alameda CTC's investments in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statement at amounts based upon the Alameda CTC's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

The Alameda CTC mitigates the risk of investment loss as follows:

**Credit Risk -** Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The Alameda CTC's investments in the LAIF are not rated as of June 30, 2013. Investment ratings as determined by Standard & Poors are as follows:

Investment Type	 AAA	AA+	A-1+		A1	Not Rated	Total
US Agency Securities	\$ -	\$ 76,182,434	\$ 3,499,306	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 79,681,740
US Treasury Bonds	-	5,333,352	-		-	-	5,333,352
Commercial Paper	-	-	9,644,491	12	2,486,832	-	22,131,323
Corporate Notes	670,706	-	-		-	-	670,706
Money Market							
Mutual Funds	429,961	-	-		-	-	429,961
Certificates of							
Deposits	-	-	11,756,002	13	3,177,291	-	24,933,293
LAIF	 -	-	-		-	88,621,428	88,621,428
Total Investments	\$ 1,100,667	\$ 81,515,786	\$ 24,899,799	\$ 25	5,664,123	88,621,428	221,801,803
Cash in Banks						15,651,904	15,651,904
Total Cash and							
Investments						\$ 104,273,332	\$ 237,453,707

**Custodial Credit Risk, Deposits -** Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, deposits may not be returned to the Alameda CTC. Alameda CTC did not adopt a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2013, a portion of the Alameda CTC's bank balance, \$16,590,641, was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured. However, it was collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the name of the Alameda CTC.

**Custodial Credit Risk, Investments -** Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Alameda CTC will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Alameda CTC investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributable to the magnitude of investments with any single issuer. The investment policy of the Alameda CTC, along with the California Government Code, contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in Federal agency securities. The Alameda CTC has the following investments exceeding five percent of the total investments in each single issuer:

Issuer	Investment Type	Reported Amount		
Federal Home Loan Bank	Federal Agency Securities	\$	30,106,582	
Federal National Mortgage Association	Federal Agency Securities		28,406,930	

**Interest Rate Risk** - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The Alameda CTC generally manages its exposure to interest rate risk by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. However, the current portfolio has become very short term as the Alameda CTC anticipates funding large Measure B projects within the next year. Many ACTIA capital projects are complete and many are moving into the construction phase at a faster pace than originally projected in the TEP. The Alameda CTC plans to do a debt financing in the next fiscal year to fund the needs of the ACTIA capital program which will be paid back from future sales tax revenues.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Alameda CTC's investments to market interest rate fluctuation is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of investments by maturity.

	12 Months	13 to 24	
Investment Type	or less	Months	Total
U.S. Agency Securities	\$ 73,809,876	\$ 5,871,864	\$ 79,681,740
U.S. Treasury Bonds	5,333,352	-	5,333,352
Commercial Paper	22,131,323	-	22,131,323
Corporate Notes	670,706	-	670,706
Certificates of Deposits	24,933,293	-	24,933,293
Money Market Mutual Funds	429,961	-	429,961
State Investment Pool	88,621,428	-	88,621,428
Total Investments	215,929,939	5,871,864	221,801,803
Cash in Bank	15,651,904		15,651,904
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 231,581,843	\$ 5,871,864	\$ 237,453,707

As reported by the State Treasurer, the weighted average maturity of the LAIF was 278 days on June 30, 2013.

**Policies and Practices -** The following table presents investments with maximum maturity and minimum credit quality permitted by the Alameda CTC investment policy, or California Government Code when more restrictive:

				S&P
	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum	Minimum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment In	Credit
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer	Quality
U.S Agency Securities	5 years	None	35%	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	5%	Al
Medium Term Corporate Notes of				
U.S. Corporations	5 years	30%	5%	A-
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	3 years	30%	5%	A-
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	5%	AAA
Local Agency Investment Fund	N/A	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	5%	A1
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	10%	5%	A-
Bonds of any of the other 49 states in				
addition to California	5 years	10%	5%	A-
California Asset Management Program	N/A	5%	None	None
California Collateralized Time Deposits	1 year	10%	5%	None
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	10%	5%	A-
Repurchase Agreements	90 days	20%	None	None

## NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Property and equipment costing \$5,000 or more is capitalized on the Statement of Net Position at historical cost. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: office furniture and equipment, five years; computer equipment, three years; and building improvements, remaining term of lease agreement.

Capital asset balances at June 30, 2013, and activity during the fiscal year were as follows:

	July 1, 2012		Additions		Dispositions		June 30, 2013	
Capital assets being depreciated: Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements	\$	1,062,102	\$	23,768	\$	(84,084)	\$	1,001,786
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Furniture, equipment and								
leasehold improvements		(951,403)		(83,835)		84,084		(951,154)
Capital assets, net of accumulated								
depreciation	\$	110,699	\$	(60,067)	\$	-	\$	50,632

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

## NOTE 5 – EXCHANGE PROGRAM

The Alameda CTC participates in a Local Funds Exchange Program for providing local funds to agencies for use in projects that either do not have the ability to make use of state or federal funds or would face unacceptable delays, cost increases, or undue hardships if state or federal funds were utilized.

The Alameda CTC has entered into agreements with several local agencies to exchange State Transportation Improvement Program funds with the other government's local funding for various transportation projects. The revenues received as a result of the exchange are treated for financial reporting purposes as deferred revenues. These deferred revenues are recognized as revenues at the time qualifying expenditures are incurred.

The following is a list of the funds exchanged from other governments through June 30, 2013:

	60,514 00,000 59,560 30,000
Bay Area Rapid Transit 8,1	59,560
	-
City of Berkeley 2.	30.000
City of Dublin 4,2	50,000
City of Fremont 5,9	83,256
City of Livermore 4,5	80,000
City of Union City 9,3	14,000
Metropolitan Transportation Commission 67	75,000
San Joaquin Regional Rail Commission 44	32,445
Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority51	58,000
Total Exchanged Funds 71,4	92,775
Total expenditures incurred	
Year ended June 30, 2013	-
Previous years (62,0)	58,954)
Total deferred inflows - accrual basis9,43	33,821
Less amount not yet collected (1:	52,455)
Total deferred inflows - modified accrual\$ 9,20	81,366

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

## NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT PLAN

## **Plan Description**

The Alameda CTC participates in the Public Employees' Retirement Fund (the Fund) of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) miscellaneous 2.5 percent at 55 risk pool. All employees are eligible to participate in the fund. The Fund is an agent cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit retirement plan that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for various local and state governmental agencies within the State of California. The Fund provides retirement, disability, and death benefits based on the employee's years of service, age, and final compensation. Employees vest after five years of service and may receive retirement benefits at age 50. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and Commission resolution. CalPERS issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR). The CalPERS CAFR may be obtained by written request to the State of California's Public Employees' Retirement System at 400 Q Street, Sacramento, California 95811 or http://www.calpers.ca.gov.

## **Funding Policy**

The total payroll for the year ended June 30, 2013 was \$2,665,027, which is the approximate covered payroll for employees participating in the Fund. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by State statute and were eight percent of salary as of June 30, 2013; however, the Alameda CTC contributes five percent of this contribution on the employee's behalf. The Alameda CTC is required to contribute the employer portion at an actuarially determined rate. The average rate for the year ended June 30, 2013 was 14.563 percent of covered payroll.

#### **Annual Pension Cost**

The annual pension cost was equal to the required contribution, which was determined as part of an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2011 by CalPERS, using the entry age normal cost method. The significant actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were an assumed rate of return on investment assets of 7.5 percent. Projected salary increases vary by category, entry age and duration of service and include wage inflation of .25 percent and a factor of 2.75 percent for price inflation for an annual overall payroll growth of 3.0 percent.

#### **Two-year Trend Information**

The following table shows required contributions and percentage contributed for the current reporting period and the preceding year.

		(APC)	Percentage of		
Fiscal Period Ended*	Annu	al Pension Cost	APC Contributions	Net Pens	ion Obligation
June 30, 2013	\$	565,592	100%	\$	-
June 30, 2012		511,783	100%		-

\*Annual Pension Cost for 2011 is not available because Alameda CTC was formed in fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

## NOTE 7 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Operating Lease**

The Alameda CTC has entered into operating lease agreements with OCC Venture LLC for the office space located at 1111 Broadway in Oakland, CA through 2023. These agreements do not contain purchase options. Alameda CTC will continue to pay the balance of the lease terms to CIM/Oakland 1333 Broadway LP in Oakland, CA for the 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> floor spaces through November and March 2013 respectively.

Future minimum lease payments under these agreements are as follows:

Year Ending	Lease
June 30,	Payments
2014	\$ 1,026,944
2015	806,351
2016	831,280
2017	857,167
2018	883,055
2019	908,942
2020	934,830
2021	962,635
2022	991,399
2023	1,022,081
2024	344,209
Total	\$ 9,568,893

The Alameda CTC has entered into sublease agreements for rental of facilities with Acumen Building Enterprise, Inc. (\$1,070 per month), Nelson/Nygaard Consulting Associates (\$745 per month), Rochelle Wheeler (\$417 per month), and L. Luster and Associates (\$274 per month) effective from July 1, 2011. They also entered into a sublease agreement with Moffatt & Nichol (\$3,500 per month) effective July 1, 2011 that expired December 31, 2012 and one with Hatch Mott McDonald, LLC (\$5,086 per month) effective January 1, 2013. These sublease agreements are month-to-month tenancy and are terminable for any reason whatsoever with 30 days written notice given at any time by either party.

## Agreements with Private Firms

The Alameda CTC has entered into contracts with various private firms to provide scoping/planning, engineering, environmental, design, right-of-way engineering and acquisition, construction management services and other related miscellaneous services. As of June 30, 2013, the total outstanding commitments (not paid or accrued) are \$31.7 million. The terms range from June 30, 2013 to up to five years (or acceptance of the work, whichever is earlier).

## Agreements with Agencies

The Alameda CTC has entered into agreements with various agencies to provide scoping/planning, engineering, environmental, design, right-of-way engineering and acquisition, construction management, equipment purchase

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

services and operations. As of June 30, 2013, the total outstanding commitments (not paid or accrued) are \$277.7 million. The terms range from June 30, 2013 to up to ten years (or acceptance of the work, whichever is earlier).

## Grants

The Alameda CTC receives financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position at June 30, 2013.

## Construction

The Alameda CTC has entered into contracts with various contractors for the construction phase of capital projects. As of June 30, 2013, the total outstanding commitments (not paid or accrued) are \$12.8 million. The terms range from June 30, 2013 through June 30, 2015 (or acceptance of the work, whichever is earlier).

## **Funding Agreements**

**Exchange Fund** - The Alameda CTC has entered into Exchange agreements with several local governments to provide funding for transportation projects. As of June 30, 2013, the remaining project costs to be paid by the Alameda CTC totaled approximately \$30.3 million.

**Capital Projects Fund** - The Sunol Smart Carpool Lane Joint Powers Authority (SSCLJPA) is a joint powers authority, organized in February 2006 pursuant to a Joint Powers Agreement (Agreement) among the Alameda CTC (formerly the ACCMA and ACTIA) and the Santa Clara Valley Transportation Authority. The Agreement was entered into pursuant to the Government Code of the State of California, commencing with Section 6500. The SSCLJPA was formed to operate a value pricing high-occupancy vehicle program on the Sunol Grade segment of southbound Interstate-680 in Alameda and Santa Clara Counties.

The SSCLJPA was formed as a result of a planning study completed by the Alameda CTC which evolved into a capital project that designed and constructed the lane. The lane went into operations on September 20, 2010. The Alameda CTC was designated the managing agency for the SSCLJPA and has provided administrative, accounting and other support since its inception. While the Alameda CTC continues as the managing agency, it no longer funds administrative support costs on behalf of the SSCLJPA; however it continues to subsidize the costs of operations and maintenance with local grant funding through its I-680 Southbound HOT Lane Project. Throughout fiscal year 2013, Alameda CTC incurred operations and maintenance costs on behalf of the SSCLJPA as follows:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

System Manager/Operations Support	\$ 138,821
Other Consultant Costs	199,966
Project Management/Controls	157,076
Alameda CTC staff time	65,628
IT Support	64,368
Other	 1,234
Total	\$ 627,093

## Insurance

The Alameda CTCC is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters.

The following is a summary the Alameda CTC's insurance coverage:

Type of Coverage	Deductible	Coverage up to		
Property liability	\$ 2,500	\$ 983,000 per occurance		
General liability	5,000	1,000,000 per occurance		
Fire legal liability	5,000	500,000 per occurance		
Medical legal liability	-	5,000 per occurance		
Workers' compensation	-	1,000,000 aggregate		
Employment practices	35,000	2,000,000 per occurance		
Director & officers	25,000	2,000,000 per occurance		
Crime	75,000	10,000,000 per occurance		
Excess liability	-	4,000,000 per occurance		

There were no claims in excess of insured amounts during the past three years.

## Litigation

The Alameda CTC is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the Alameda CTC at June 30, 2013.

## **NOTE 8 – INTERFUND ACTIVITY**

As of June 30, 2013, the General Fund's inter-fund liability due to the Exchange Fund of \$824,395 and the ACCMA Capital Projects Fund inter-fund liability due to the Exchange Fund of \$9,561,505 were the result of cash advances for capital project expenditures. This arrangement is necessary because ACCMA capital project funding is received on a reimbursement basis. These amounts will be repaid from revenue received from funding agencies as reimbursement is received for capital project expenditures.

In March 2011, the ACTA Capital Projects Fund agreed to loan the ACCMA General Fund up to \$25 million, if needed. The loan carries no interest and is repayable when the ACCMA General Fund is in a position to do so,

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

which is expected to be during the fiscal year 2015-16. As of June 30, 2013, the ACCMA General Fund owed the ACTA Capital Projects Fund \$10 million.

The Alameda CTC also records inter-fund activity when one of the tax measures or congestion management fee programs managed by the Alameda CTC provides funding for an Alameda CTC sponsored congestion management project or program. As of June 30, 2013, the ACCMA General Fund, the ACTIA Special Revenue Fund, the ACTIA Capital Projects Fund, the ACCMA Capital Projects Fund and the Exchange Fund combined had revenues receivable totaling \$7,044,257 due and net revenues reported of \$14,147,880 from the various Alameda CTC managed tax measures or congestion management fee programs. The various Funds providing the funding have recorded all receipts as revenues, and receivables if not yet received, and all funding requirements as expenditures, and payables if not yet paid. All inter-fund receivables and payables are expected to be eradicated within 90 days from the date of this CAFR, June 30, 2013.

All inter-fund activity has been included in the elimination column of the fund financial statements and eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

## NOTE 9 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

## **Plan Description**

The Alameda CTC offers retiree health benefits under a Retiree Health Reimbursement Arrangement. Retirees are eligible for benefits if they retire from the Alameda CTC under CalPERS within 120 days of employment and have 10 years of credited service with CalPERS including at least five years with the Alameda CTC or its predecessor agencies. The Alameda CTC's contributions are based on years of public service and the following formula: 50 percent after 10 years with an additional five percent for each additional year of service reaching a maximum of 100 percent after 20 years of service. The contribution maximum is based on the Kaiser Bay Area two-Party Basic Premium rate available through the CalPERS medical program. These benefit provisions were established and may be amended by the Commission. Contributions for retirees will never exceed the amount contributed on behalf of active employees.

As of June 30, 2013, membership in the plan consisted of the following:

	e	
Retirees receiving benefits		11
Active plan members		25
Total		36

The Alameda CTC participates in the California Employers' Retirement Benefit Trust (CERBT), an irrevocable trust established to fund postemployment healthcare benefits. The CERBT is established by CalPERS, and is managed by an appointed board not under the control of Alameda CTC. This trust is not considered a component unit of Alameda CTC and has been excluded from these financial statements. The CERBT issues a publicly available annual financial report, which may be obtained from CalPERS, Lincoln Plaza North, 400 Q Street, Sacramento, CA 93811.

Prior to establishing the Alameda CTC CERBT, the prior agencies had two separate types of trusts established to accumulate other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The ACCMA's OPEB trust was also a CERBT with CalPERS, and ACTIA's OPEB trust was a separate trust set up as a fiduciary fund and is included in this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report as the Retiree Benefits Trust Fund. The Retiree Benefits Trust Fund

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

does not prepare separate financial statements. All assets of the prior agencies' trust funds were transferred to the consolidated Alameda CTC CERBT during the current fiscal year.

## Annual Post Retirement Benefits Costs and Net Post Retirement Benefit

The annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the Alameda CTC's net OPEB obligation:

Normal cost at year end	\$ 110,069
Amortization of UAAL	5,064
Annual required contribution (ARC)	115,133
Interest on prior year Net OPEB Obligation	6,449
Adjustment to ARC	(5,733)
Annual OPEB cost	115,849
Contributions made	(143,764)
Change in Net OPEB Obligation	(27,915)
Net OPEB Asset - Beginning of Year	27,915
Net OPEB Asset - End of Year	\$ -

Trend information for the annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

Fiscal Year		Annual		Actual	Percentage	Ne	t OPEB				
Ended*	OI	PEB Cost	Contribution		Contribution		Contribution		Contributed	Ob	oligation
June 30, 2013	\$	115,849	\$	143,764	124%	\$	-				
June 30, 2012		115,849		163,797	141%		27,915				

\*Annual Pension Cost for 2011 is not available because Alameda CTC was formed in fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2013, the entry age normal cost method is used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.61 percent investment rate of return; an annual healthcare cost trend rate varying from 6.7 percent in 2015 to 5.0 percent in 2021 and thereafter; and a 3.25 percent annual increase in projected payroll. The Unfunded Actuarially Accrued Liability (UAAL) is being amortized on a level dollar approach on a closed basis over 30 years beginning in fiscal year 2007-08. The remaining amortization period is 24 years.

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2013

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

## **Funding Policy**

The funding policy of the Alameda CTC is to contribute the entire ARC on an annual basis.

## **Funded Status and Funding Progress**

	Actuarial		Unfunded	Annual	UAAL As a	
	Accrued	Actuarial	AAL	Funded	Covered	Percentage of
Actuarial	Liability (AAL)	Value of Assets	(UAAL)	Status	Payroll	Covered Payroll
Valuation Date	(a)	(b)	(a)-(b)	(b)/(a)	(c)	(a-b)/c
June 30, 2013	\$ 2,140,174	\$ 2,065,334	\$ 74,840	97%	\$ 2,665,027	3%

Information for a three-year presentation is not available because Alameda CTC was established in fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

# NOTE 10 – PUBLIC TRANSPORTATION MODERNIZATION IMPROVEMENT AND SERVICE ENHANCEMENT ACCOUNT

In November 2006, California voters passed a bond measure enacting the Highway Safety, Traffic Reduction, Air Quality and Port Security Bond Act of 2006. Of the \$19.9 billion of state general obligation bonds authorized, \$4 billion was set aside by the state as instructed by the statute as the Public Transportation Modernization Improvement and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA). These funds are available to the California Department of Transportation for intercity rail projects and to transit operators in California for rehabilitation, safety or modernization improvements, capital enhancements or expansions, new capital projects, bus rapid transit improvements or for rolling stock procurement, rehabilitation, or replacement.

During the current reporting period, the Alameda CTC expended \$694,008 of PTMISEA proceeds. The proceeds available for obligation at June 30, 2013 are \$99,251. The following table summarizes the activity during the year:

Available proceeds, June 30, 2012	\$ 791,867
Interest earned	1,392
Total revenues	793,259
Total expenditures	(694,008)
Available proceeds, June 30, 2013	\$ 99,251

**Required Supplementary Information** 

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts						nal Budget- Favorable	
		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	(U	nfavorable)
Revenues								
Sales tax	\$	5,040,000	\$	5,355,000	\$	5,448,815	\$	93,815
Project revenue		6,558,570		4,649,713		3,772,035		(877,678)
Member agency fees		1,394,819		1,394,819		1,394,818		(1)
Investment income		-		-		18,103		18,103
Other		322,000		322,000		192,953		(129,047)
Total Revenues		13,315,389		11,721,532		10,826,724		(894,808)
Expenditures								
Administrative								
Salaries and benefits		2,768,643		2,768,643		3,060,749		(292,106)
Office rent		833,970		833,970		788,189		45,781
Professional services		1,613,764		1,439,711		1,656,940		(217,229)
Planning and programming		8,481,977		5,139,943		1,561,829		3,578,114
Other		1,877,721		1,894,348		2,168,009		(273,661)
Total Expenditures		15,576,075		12,076,615		9,235,716		2,840,899
Other Financing Sources								
Transfers in		911,394		911,394		445,577		(465,817)
Net change in fund balance		(1,349,292)		556,311	_	2,036,585		1,480,274
Fund Balance - Beginning		18,321,401		18,321,401		18,321,401		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	16,972,109	\$	18,877,712	\$	20,357,986	\$	1,480,274

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ACTIA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Amo	unts			Fi	riance With nal Budget- Favorable
	Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues							
Sales tax	\$ 64,069,040	\$	68,073,355	\$	69,265,943	\$	1,192,588
Project revenue	45,000		74,981		102,943		27,962
Investment income	-		-		18,989		18,989
Other income	-		40,600		24,337		(16,263)
Total Revenues	 64,114,040		68,188,936		69,412,212		1,223,276
Expenditures							
Administrative							
Salaries and benefits	197,889		197,889		183,217		14,672
Professional services	988,016		1,140,755		1,103,352		37,403
Other			40,600		24,337		16,263
Transportation improvements	64,250,323		70,934,576		68,221,948		2,712,628
Total Expenditures	65,436,228		72,313,820		69,532,854		2,780,966
Net change in fund balance	(1,322,188)		(4,124,884)		(120,642)		4,004,242
Fund Balance - Beginning	9,252,256		9,252,256		9,252,256		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 7,930,068	\$	5,127,372	\$	9,131,614	\$	4,004,242

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	CFDA Number	Pass-through Entity Identifying Number	Federal penditures
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed Through California Department of Transportation			
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	Not available	
ARRA - I-580 Eastbound Express (HOT) Lanes			\$ 520,517
Center to Center Program			(7,998)
Congestion Management Program			139,792
Coordination and Mobility Management Planning			3,281
Countywide Transportation Plan			69,895
East Bay Greenway - Segment 7A			14,506
I-580 Eastbound HOV/AUX Lane - Segment 3			144,000
I-580 Soundwall Landscaping SL			261,607
I-580 Westbound Express HOT/HOV Lanes			188,635
I-680 Southbound SMART Carpool Lane			109,275
I-680 Sunol Express Lanes - Southbound			727,417
I-80 Gilman			227,994
I-80 Intergrated Corridor Mobility			23,290
I-880 North Safety & Operational Improvements			1,250,446
I-880 Southbound HOV Lane			47,460
MTC Partnership			106
MTC Planning			208,449
One Bay Area Grant Program			40,740
Safe Routes to School			1,218,527
Transportation & Land Use			228,846
Travel Model Support			21,372
Tri-City Travel Training Program			(1,854)
Webster St. SMART Corridor			327,283
Total Expenditures of Federal awards			\$ 5,763,586

# GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF BALANCE SHEETS JUNE 30, 2013

	ACTIA			ACCMA	Total General Fund		
ASSETS	¢	10.046.600	¢	0.504.005	¢		
Cash and investments	\$	18,946,623	\$	8,724,025	\$	27,670,648	
Sales tax receivable		916,898		-		916,898	
Interest receivable		-		1,521		1,521	
Other receivable		83,102		3,370,997		3,454,099	
Due from other funds		-		192,478		192,478	
Prepaids and other assets		107,540		163,430		270,970	
Total Assets	\$	20,054,163	\$	12,452,451	\$	32,506,614	
FUND BALANCES Liabilities							
	¢	500 746	¢	014 407	¢	1 224 222	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	509,746	\$	814,487 10,824,395	\$	1,324,233 10,824,395	
Total Liabilities		509,746		11,638,882		12,148,628	
Fund Balances							
Unassigned		19,544,417		813,569		20,357,986	
Total Fund Balances		19,544,417		813,569		20,357,986	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	20,054,163	\$	12,452,451	\$	32,506,614	

# GENERAL FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	ACTIA			ACCMA	Ge	Total eneral Fund
REVENUES						
Sales tax	\$	5,448,815	\$	-	\$	5,448,815
Project revenue		-		3,772,035		3,772,035
Member agency fees		-		1,394,818		1,394,818
Investment income		13,195		4,908		18,103
Other income		30,896		162,057		192,953
Total Revenues		5,492,906		5,333,818		10,826,724
EXPENDITURES						
Administrative						
Salaries and benefits		826,801		2,233,948		3,060,749
Office rent		346,956		441,233		788,189
Professional services		1,153,212		503,728		1,656,940
Planning and programming		-		1,561,829		1,561,829
Other		1,646,662		521,347		2,168,009
Total Expenditures		3,973,631		5,262,085		9,235,716
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Operating transfer in		-		445,577		445,577
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		1,519,275		517,310		2,036,585
Fund Balances - Beginning		18,025,142		296,259		18,321,401
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	19,544,417	\$	813,569	\$	20,357,986

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2013

	Exchange Fund	Transportation for Clean Air Fund		Vehicle Registration Fee Fund			Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$ 2,701,447	\$	3,230,852	\$	8,973,583	\$	14,905,882		
Interest receivable	1,432		1,467		4,672		7,571		
Other receivable	4,775		900,000		2,176,381		3,081,156		
Due from other funds	10,412,927		-		-		10,412,927		
Total Assets	\$ 13,120,581	\$	4,132,319	\$	11,154,636	\$	28,407,536		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$ 80,966 2,544,639 9,281,366	\$	326,213 98,364 -	\$	1,240,537 192,418	\$	1,647,716 2,835,421 9,281,366		
Total Liabilities	11,906,971		424,577		1,432,955		13,764,503		
Fund Balances Restricted									
Transportation for Clean Air	-		3,707,742		-		3,707,742		
Vehicle Registration Fee	-		-		9,721,681		9,721,681		
Assigned	1,213,610				-		1,213,610		
Total Fund Balances	1,213,610		3,707,742		9,721,681		14,643,033		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 13,120,581	\$	4,132,319	\$	11,154,636	\$	28,407,536		

# NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Exchange Fund	nsportation <sup>-</sup> Clean Air Fund	Vehicle Registration Fee Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Project revenue	\$ 108,061	\$ 1,854,559	\$ -	\$ 1,962,620
Vehicle registration fees	-	-	12,065,055	12,065,055
Investment income	3,833	 5,077	13,311	22,221
Total Revenues	111,894	1,859,636	12,078,366	14,049,896
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Administrative Salaries and benefits Professional services	-	-	315,408 61,846	315,408 61,846
Other	-	-	108,108	108,108
Congestion management	3,661,005	 1,539,808	7,028,071	12,228,884
Total Expenditures	3,661,005	 1,539,808	7,513,433	12,714,246
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	(3,549,111) 4,762,721 \$ 1,213,610	\$ 319,828 3,387,914 3,707,742	4,564,933 5,156,748 \$ 9,721,681	1,335,650 13,307,383 \$ 14,643,033

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ACTIA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts				ariance With inal Budget- Favorable
	Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues							
Sales tax	\$ 42,890,960	\$	45,571,645	\$	46,370,022	\$	798,377
Project revenue	300,000		2,091,098		2,084,497		(6,601)
Investment income	 150,000		180,000		112,398		(67,602)
Total revenues	 43,340,960		47,842,743		48,566,917		724,174
Expenditures							
Administrative							
Salaries and benefits	157,185		157,185		115,462		41,723
Professional services	1,434,995		1,298,909		-		1,298,909
Other	-		-		3,156		(3,156)
Transportation improvements	 84,082,327		137,854,951		60,621,042		77,233,909
Total Expenditures	85,674,507		139,311,045		60,739,660		78,571,385
Net change in fund balance	 (42,333,547)		(91,468,302)		(12,172,743)		79,295,559
Fund Balance - Beginning	 58,746,913		58,746,913		58,746,913		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 16,413,366	\$	(32,721,389)	\$	46,574,170	\$	79,295,559

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ACTA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Am	ounts			Variance With Final Budget- Favorable		
	 Original		Final	Ac	tual Amounts	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues	 0						, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	
Investment income	\$ 1,025,000	\$	1,025,000	\$	210,335	\$	(814,665)	
Other income	-		-		10,299		10,299	
Total revenues	 1,025,000		1,025,000		220,634		(804,366)	
Expenditures								
Administrative								
Salaries and benefits	235,499		235,499		258,106		(22,607)	
Office rent	119,139		119,139		115,652		3,487	
Professional services	678,078		287,813		101,117		186,696	
Other	226,359		216,234		117,986		98,248	
Transportation improvements	 11,861,501		44,069,577		12,624,029		31,445,548	
Total Expenditures	13,120,576		44,928,262		13,216,890		31,711,372	
Net change in fund balance	(12,095,576)		(43,903,262)		(12,996,256)		30,907,006	
Fund Balance - Beginning	141,482,312		141,482,312		141,482,312		-	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 129,386,736	\$	97,579,050	\$	128,486,056	\$	30,907,006	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - ACCMA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Budgeted	Ame	ninte			Variance With Final Budget- Favorable		
		Original	7 1110	Final		tual Amounts	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues		Oliginal		Tinai		tuar / mounts			
Sales tax									
Project revenue	\$	57,881,374	\$	78,681,037	\$	30,299,929	\$	(48,381,108)	
Investment income	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	(209,547)	Ψ	(40,301,100) (209,547)	
Total revenues		57,881,374		78,681,037		30,090,382		(48,590,655)	
Expenditures Administrative									
Salaries and benefits		1,232,836		1,232,836		338,275		894,561	
Congestion management		56,648,538		77,448,201		29,306,530		48,141,671	
Total Expenditures		57,881,374		78,681,037		29,644,805		49,036,232	
Other Financing Uses									
Operating Transfer Out		-		-		445,577		(445,577)	
Net change in fund balance		-		_		_		-	
Fund Balance - Beginning		-		-		-		-	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - EXCHANGE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted	Amo	unts			Fi	ariance With nal Budget- Favorable
	Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	(U	Infavorable)
Revenues							
Project revenue	\$ 4,950,000	\$	4,950,000	\$	108,061	\$	(4,841,939)
Investment income	-		-		3,833		3,833
Total revenues	 4,950,000		4,950,000		111,894		(4,838,106)
Expenditures							
Administrative							
Salaries and benefits	51,346		51,346		-		51,346
Congestion management	7,830,933		7,830,933		3,661,005		4,169,928
Total Expenditures	 7,882,279		7,882,279		3,661,005		4,221,274
Net change in fund balance	 (2,932,279)		(2,932,279)		(3,549,111)		(616,832)
Fund Balance - Beginning	4,762,721		4,762,721		4,762,721		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,830,442	\$	1,830,442	\$	1,213,610	\$	(616,832)

# SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TRANSPORTATION FOR CLEAN AIR FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Budgeted Amounts						Variance With Final Budget- Favorable		
		Original		Final		ual Amounts	(Unfavorable)		
Revenues									
Project revenue	\$	1,847,855	\$	1,847,855	\$	1,854,559	\$	6,704	
Investment income				-		5,077		5,077	
Total revenues		1,847,855		1,847,855		1,859,636		11,781	
Expenditures									
Administrative									
Salaries and benefits		87,278		87,278		-		87,278	
Professional services		4,500		4,500		-		4,500	
Congestion management		1,510,079		2,507,165		1,539,808		967,357	
Total Expenditures		1,601,857		2,598,943		1,539,808		1,059,135	
Net change in fund balance		245,998		(751,088)		319,828		1,070,916	
Fund Balance - Beginning		3,387,914		3,387,914		3,387,914			
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	3,633,912	\$	2,636,826	\$	3,707,742	\$	1,070,916	

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - VEHICLE REGISTRATION FEE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	 Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final	Act	ual Amounts	Fi:	riance With nal Budget- Favorable nfavorable)
Revenues	 0118.1141						
Vehicle registration fees	\$ 10,729,500	\$	10,729,500	\$	12,065,055	\$	1,335,555
Investment income	-		-		13,311		13,311
Total revenues	10,729,500		10,729,500		12,078,366		1,348,866
Expenditures Administrative							- 4 0 - 2
Salaries and benefits	390,280		390,280		315,408		74,872
Professional services	-		-		61,846		(61,846)
Other	128,108		128,108		108,108		20,000
Congestion management	 8,535,000		9,045,000		7,028,071		2,016,929
Total Expenditures	9,053,388		9,563,388		7,513,433		2,049,955
Net change in fund balance	1,676,112		1,166,112		4,564,933		3,398,821
Fund Balance - Beginning	5,156,748		5,156,748		5,156,748		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 6,832,860	\$	6,322,860	\$	9,721,681	\$	3,398,821

See accompanying note to the Supplementary Information.

#### ACTIA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF BALANCE SHEETS BY PROGRAM JUNE 30, 2013

	gramming Programs	E	xpress Bus	Bike and Pedestrian	P	assthrough	Transit Oriented evelopment	Р	aratransit	Spe	Total ecial Revenue Subfunds
ASSETS											
Cash and investments	\$ 108,035	\$	1,981,854	\$ 3,966,276	\$	5,348,940	\$ 1,327,405	\$	2,052,069	\$	14,784,579
Sales tax receivable	58,279		135,529	242,016		10,906,226	36,786		276,867		11,655,703
Interest receivable	-		935	1,852		-	539		951		4,277
Other receivable	 -		-	-		-	 -		26,187		26,187
<b>Total Assets</b>	\$ 166,314	\$	2,118,318	\$ 4,210,144	\$	16,255,166	\$ 1,364,730	\$	2,356,074	\$	26,470,746
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other funds Deferred revenue	\$ -	\$	392,210	\$ 213,008 7,865	\$	16,254,900	\$ 11,844 9,387	\$	415,764	\$	17,287,726 17,252
Total Liabilities	 -		392,210	 26,935 247,808		16,254,900	 21,231		7,219 422,983		34,154 17,339,132
Fund Balances Restricted Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 166,314	\$	1,726,108 2,118,318	\$ 3,962,336 4,210,144	\$	266	\$ 1,343,499 1,364,730	\$	1,933,091 2,356,074	\$	9,131,614

See accompanying note to the Supplementary Information.

### ACTIA SPECIAL REVENUE FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES BY PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	gramming Programs	Ex	press Bus	Bike and Pedestrian	Passthrough	Transit Oriented velopment	Paratransit	Sp	Total ecial Revenue Subunds
REVENUES									
Sales tax	\$ 346,330	\$	805,404	\$ 1,438,222	\$ 64,812,051	\$ 218,610	\$ 1,645,326	\$	69,265,943
Project revenue	-		-	-	-	-	102,943		102,943
Investment income	-		4,108	8,431	-	2,044	4,406		18,989
Other income	-		-	4,102	-	-	20,235		24,337
<b>Total Revenues</b>	346,330		809,512	1,450,755	64,812,051	 220,654	1,772,910		69,412,212
EXPENDITURES Administrative: Salaries and benefits Professional services Other Transportation improvements: Public transit Local transportation Total Expenditures	180,016 - - - 180,016		127,134 - 894,206 - 1,021,340	2,231 437,581 4,102 <u>1,260,919</u> 1,704,833	- - - 34,793,474 30,018,576 64,812,050	 41,548 - (241,260) (199,712)	970 497,089 20,235 1,496,033 - 2,014,327		183,217 1,103,352 24,337 37,183,713 31,038,235 69,532,854
-	 , -			, ,	, ,	 			
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES Fund Balances - Beginning	166,314		(211,828) 1,937,936	(254,078) 4,216,414	1 265	420,366 923,133	(241,417) 2,174,508		(120,642) 9,252,256
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 166,314	\$	1,726,108	\$ 3,962,336	\$ 266	\$ 1,343,499	\$ 1,933,091	\$	9,131,614

See accompanying note to the Supplementary Information.

## NOTE TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2013

#### NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

#### Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

A schedule of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balances comparing budgeted and actual results is presented for each capital projects major fund and all nonmajor funds included in this financial report.

#### Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the Alameda CTC and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the United States Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*.

## Schedule of the General Fund Combining Balance Sheets and Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances

The Schedule of the General Fund Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances is included to provide information regarding the breakout of activity between the former ACTIA and ACCMA general funds.

## Nonmajor Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances

The Nonmajor Funds Combining Balance Sheets and the Nonmajor Funds Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Nonmajor Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances which include the Exchange Fund, the Transportation for Clean Air Fund and the Vehicle Registration Fee Fund.

#### ACTIA Combining Schedule of the Balance Sheets and the Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances of the Special Revenue Fund by Project or Program

The Combining Schedule of the Balance Sheets and the Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances of the ACTIA Special Revenue Fund by Program, is included to provide information regarding the individual subfunds that have been included in the ACTIA Special Revenue Fund column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balances.

STATISTICAL SECTION

## **Statistical Section**

This section of the comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information about the Alameda County Transportation Commission's financial results, major revenues sources, demographic statistics, and operating activities and will help the reader understand how Alameda CTC's financial performance and financial condition have changed over time.

<u>CONTENT</u>	PAGE
<b>Financial Trends</b> These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how Alameda CTC's financial performance changed over time.	65
<b>Revenue Capacity</b> These schedules contain information to help the reader assess Alameda CTC's primary local revenue source, sales tax.	69
<b>Demographic and Economic Information</b> These schedules contain demographic and economic indicators to assist the reader in understanding the environment within which Alameda CTC's financial activities take place.	72
<b>Operating Information</b> These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in Alameda CTC's financial report relates to the services it provides and the activities it performs.	73
* Debt Capacity is not applicable because Alameda CTC does not have debt.	

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### FINANCIAL TRENDS – NET POSITION BY COMPONENT JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,			
		2013		2012
Governmental Activities:				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	50,632	\$	110,699
Restricted				
ACTIA special revenue		9,131,614		9,252,256
Capital projects		175,060,226		200,229,225
Transportation for clean air		3,707,742		3,387,914
Vehicle registration fee		9,721,681		5,156,748
Unrestricted		21,571,596		23,056,207
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	219,243,491	\$	241,193,049

Note: Alameda CTC is a Joint Powers Agency (JPA) established in July 2010, effectively merging the Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority and the Alameda County Congestion Management Agency, who delegated all of their assets, liabilities, powers, functions, and responsibilities to the Alameda CTC. Alameda CTC produced their first financial report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Due to the recent formation of the JPA a 10 year trend analysis is not available.

### FINANCIAL TRENDS – CHANGES IN NET POSITION FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

	Fiscal Year Ei	nding	June 30:
EXPENSES	2013		2012
Governmental activities:			
Administration	\$ 11,981,445	\$	11,338,750
Transportation improvement	131,266,274		135,067,898
Congestion management	 37,720,724		46,101,090
Total Expenses	 180,968,443		192,507,738
REVENUES			
Program revenues:			
Operating grants and contributions	17,112,291		22,634,296
Capital grants and contributions	 19,051,245		32,521,003
Total revenues	 36,163,536		55,155,299
Net (Expense) / Revenue	 (144,804,907)		(137,352,439)
GENERAL REVENUES			
Governmental activities:			
Sales tax	121,084,780		112,568,093
Member agency fees	1,394,818		1,315,867
Interest and investment earnings	172,499		956,225
Other revenue	 203,252		412,178
Total general revenues	 122,855,349		115,252,363
Governmental Activities Change in Net Position	\$ (21,949,558)	\$	(22,100,076)

Note: Alameda CTC is a Joint Powers Agency established in July 2010, effectively merging the Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority and the Alameda County Congestion Management Agency, who delegated all of their assets, liabilities, powers, functions, and responsibilities to the Alameda CTC. Alameda CTC produced their first financial report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Due to the formation of the Alameda CTC a 10 year trend analysis is not available.

# FINANCIAL TRENDS – FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

	Fiscal Year E	nding June 30:
	2013	2012
General Fund		
Unassigned	\$ 20,357,986	\$ 18,321,401
Total General Fund	20,357,986	18,321,401
All Other Governmental Funds		
Restricted		
ACTIA special revenue	9,131,614	9,252,256
Capital projects	175,060,226	200,229,225
Transportation for clean air	3,707,742	3,387,914
Vehicle registration fee	9,721,681	5,156,748
Assigned, reported in:		
Exchange fund	1,213,610	4,762,721
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 198,834,873	\$ 222,788,864

Note: Alameda CTC is a Joint Powers Agency established in July 2010, effectively merging the Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority and the Alameda County Congestion Management Agency, who delegated all of their assets, liabilities, powers, functions, and responsibilities

to the Alameda CTC. Alameda CTC produced their first financial report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Due to the recent formation of the Alameda CTC a 10 year trend analysis is not available.

#### FINANCIAL TRENDS – CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2013 AND JUNE 30, 2012

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
	2013	2012		
REVENUES				
Sales tax	\$ 121,084,780	\$ 112,568,093		
Project revenue	24,098,481	52,913,173		
Member agency fees	1,394,818	1,315,867		
Vehicle registration fees	12,065,055	12,242,126		
Investment income	172,499	956,225		
Other income	203,252	412,178		
Total Revenues	159,018,885	180,407,662		
EXPENDITURES				
Administrative				
Salaries and benefits	4,271,217	4,191,318		
Office rent	903,841	912,888		
Professional services	2,923,255	2,528,606		
Planning and programming	1,561,829	2,484,552		
Other	2,289,151	1,184,867		
Transportation improvements				
Highways and streets	27,720,363	39,801,038		
Public transit	72,041,838	91,981,235		
Local transportation	31,504,073	36,777,134		
Congestion management	37,720,724	46,101,090		
Total Expenditures	180,936,291	225,962,728		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (21,917,406	) \$ (45,555,066)		

Note: Alameda CTC is a Joint Powers Agency established in July 2010, effectively merging the Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority and the Alameda County Congestion Management Agency, who delegated all of their assets, liabilities, powers, functions, and responsibilities to the Alameda CTC. Alameda CTC produced their first financial report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Due to the recent formation of the Alameda CTC a 10 year trend analysis is not available.

	Alameda CTC			Total Taxable
Fiscal Year Ended	Sales Tax	Sales Tax	Annual	Sales in
June 30:	Rate <sup>1</sup>	Revenue	Growth	Alameda County <sup>2</sup>
2013	0.5%	\$ 121,084,780	7.57%	\$ 24,216,956,000
2012	0.5%	112,568,093	6.81%	22,513,618,600
2011	0.5%	105,393,813	11.58%	21,078,762,600
2010	0.5%	94,453,574	-6.77%	18,890,714,800
2009	0.5%	101,317,661	-12.86%	20,263,532,200
2008	0.5%	116,267,321	2.23%	23,253,464,200
2007	0.5%	113,726,121	3.07%	22,745,224,200
2006	0.5%	110,339,552	9.10%	22,067,910,400
2005	0.5%	101,134,874	2.10%	20,226,974,800
2004	0.5%	99,054,892		19,810,978,400

#### **REVENUE CAPACITY– SALES TAX** LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<sup>1</sup> In 2000, Alameda County voters approved Measure B, the half-cent transportation sales tax.

- <sup>2</sup> Taxable sales were calculated based on the Alameda CTC's sale tax revenues divided by half of a percent.
- Source: These amounts were derived from the prior years financial statements of Alameda CTC or its predecessors

### REVENUE CAPACITY– PRINCIPAL SALES TAX PAYERS BY SEGMENT FOR THE COUNTY OF ALAMEDA FISCAL YEARS 2011 AND 2004

		2011 1	
		Total	
		Taxable Sales in	Percentage
		Alameda County	of Taxable
Principal Revenue Payers	Rank	(in thousands)	Sales
All Other Outlets	1	\$ 8,911,043	38.03%
Motor Vehicle and Parts Dealers	2	2,405,412	10.27%
Gasoline Stations	3	2,135,182	9.11%
Food Services and Drinking Places	4	2,121,065	9.05%
General Merchandise Stores	5	1,810,195	7.73%
Bldg. Matrl. and Garden Equip. and Supplies	6	1,153,236	4.92%
Clothing and Clothing Accessories Stores	7	995,486	4.25%
Miscellaneous Store Retailers	8	955,440	4.08%
Food and Beverage Stores	9	928,190	3.96%
Electronics and Appliance Stores	10	583,234	2.49%
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book, and Music Stores	11	484,909	2.07%
Furniture and Home Furnishing Stores	12	438,369	1.87%
Health and Personal Care Stores	13	434,353	1.85%
Nonstore Retailers	14	74,685	0.32%
		\$ 23,430,799	
		2004	
		2004 Total	
		Total Taxable Sales in	Percentage
		Total Taxable Sales in Alameda County	of Taxable
Principal Revenue Payers	Rank	Total Taxable Sales in Alameda County (in thousands)	of Taxable Sales
All Other Outlets	1	Total Taxable Sales in Alameda County (in thousands) \$ 7,509,973	of Taxable Sales 32.66%
All Other Outlets Automotive Group	1 2	Total Taxable Sales in Alameda County (in thousands) \$ 7,509,973 4,233,998	of Taxable Sales 32.66% 18.41%
All Other Outlets Automotive Group Specialty Stores Group	1 2 3	Total Taxable Sales in Alameda County (in thousands) \$ 7,509,973 4,233,998 2,272,171	of Taxable Sales 32.66% 18.41% 9.88%
All Other Outlets Automotive Group Specialty Stores Group General Merchandise Group	1 2	Total           Taxable Sales in           Alameda County           (in thousands)           \$ 7,509,973           4,233,998           2,272,171           1,989,603	of Taxable Sales 32.66% 18.41% 9.88% 8.65%
All Other Outlets Automotive Group Specialty Stores Group General Merchandise Group Eating and Drinking Group	1 2 3 4 5	Total           Taxable Sales in           Alameda County           (in thousands)           \$ 7,509,973           4,233,998           2,272,171           1,989,603           1,621,608	of Taxable Sales 32.66% 18.41% 9.88% 8.65% 7.05%
All Other Outlets Automotive Group Specialty Stores Group General Merchandise Group Eating and Drinking Group Building Material Group	1 2 3 4 5 6	Total           Taxable Sales in           Alameda County           (in thousands)           \$ 7,509,973           4,233,998           2,272,171           1,989,603           1,621,608           1,508,037	of Taxable Sales 32.66% 18.41% 9.88% 8.65% 7.05% 6.56%
All Other Outlets Automotive Group Specialty Stores Group General Merchandise Group Eating and Drinking Group Building Material Group Business and Personal Services	1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Total           Taxable Sales in           Alameda County           (in thousands)           \$ 7,509,973           4,233,998           2,272,171           1,989,603           1,621,608           1,508,037           1,142,550	of Taxable Sales 32.66% 18.41% 9.88% 8.65% 7.05% 6.56% 4.97%
All Other Outlets Automotive Group Specialty Stores Group General Merchandise Group Eating and Drinking Group Building Material Group Business and Personal Services Household Group	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Total Taxable Sales in Alameda County (in thousands) \$ 7,509,973 4,233,998 2,272,171 1,989,603 1,621,608 1,508,037 1,142,550 808,098	of Taxable Sales 32.66% 18.41% 9.88% 8.65% 7.05% 6.56% 4.97% 3.51%
All Other Outlets Automotive Group Specialty Stores Group General Merchandise Group Eating and Drinking Group Building Material Group Business and Personal Services Household Group Food Stores Group	$     \begin{array}{c}       1 \\       2 \\       3 \\       4 \\       5 \\       6 \\       7 \\       8 \\       9 \\       9     \end{array} $	Total           Taxable Sales in           Alameda County           (in thousands)           \$ 7,509,973           4,233,998           2,272,171           1,989,603           1,621,608           1,508,037           1,142,550           808,098           732,950	of Taxable Sales 32.66% 18.41% 9.88% 8.65% 7.05% 6.56% 4.97% 3.51% 3.19%
All Other Outlets Automotive Group Specialty Stores Group General Merchandise Group Eating and Drinking Group Building Material Group Business and Personal Services Household Group Food Stores Group All Other Retail Stores Group	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Total           Taxable Sales in           Alameda County           (in thousands)           \$ 7,509,973           4,233,998           2,272,171           1,989,603           1,621,608           1,508,037           1,142,550           808,098           732,950           610,664	of Taxable Sales 32.66% 18.41% 9.88% 8.65% 7.05% 6.56% 4.97% 3.51% 3.19% 2.66%
All Other Outlets Automotive Group Specialty Stores Group General Merchandise Group Eating and Drinking Group Building Material Group Business and Personal Services Household Group Food Stores Group	$     \begin{array}{c}       1 \\       2 \\       3 \\       4 \\       5 \\       6 \\       7 \\       8 \\       9 \\       9     \end{array} $	Total           Taxable Sales in           Alameda County           (in thousands)           \$ 7,509,973           4,233,998           2,272,171           1,989,603           1,621,608           1,508,037           1,142,550           808,098           732,950	of Taxable Sales 32.66% 18.41% 9.88% 8.65% 7.05% 6.56% 4.97% 3.51% 3.19%

<sup>1</sup> 2011 is the latest information available.

Source: State Board of Equalization, http://www.boe.ca.gov/news/tsalescont.htm

## **REVENUE CAPACITY– VEHICLE REGISTRATION FEE LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS**

					Vehicles
Fiscal Year Ended	V	ehicle	Total	Annual	Registered in
June 30:	Regist	tration Fee	Revenue	Growth <sup>1</sup>	Alameda County
2013	\$	9.995	\$ 12,065,052	-1.45%	1,207,109
2012		9.995	12,242,127	582.26%	1,224,825
2011		9.995	1,794,343		2

<sup>1</sup> Measure F Alameda County Vehicle Registration Fee (VRF) Program was approved by the voters in November 2010. The collection of the \$10 per year vehicle registration fee began in May 2011.

The California Department of Motor Vehicles collects a 0.05% Admin Fee.

 $^2\,$  Information is unavailable that corresponds to the collections for May 2011 - June 2011.

Source: These amounts were derived from the prior years financial statements of Alameda CTC or its predecessors.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	Population <sup>2</sup>	Total Personal Income (in thousands) <sup>2</sup>	Per Capita Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	Unemployment Rate <sup>3</sup>
2013	1,540,790	- 1	- 1	7.4%
2012	1,526,220	- 1	- 1	9.4%
2011	1,529,875	75,908,145	49,617	10.7%
2010	1,513,043	72,024,822	47,603	11.4%
2009	1,498,539	69,438,854	46,338	11.1%
2008	1,477,208	74,305,916	50,302	6.1%
2007	1,455,715	71,893,560	49,387	4.8%
2006	1,444,484	68,719,715	47,574	4.6%
2005	1,441,545	63,757,262	44,228	5.3%
2004	1,445,721	61,106,278	42,267	6.1%

# **DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION – STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Data not yet published for fiscal years 2012 and 2013.

 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Data for 2004-2011 obtained from U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.
 2012-2013 Data not available from the U.S. Department of Commerce.
 2012-2013 Population obtained from Department of Finance, 2013 data indicated as preliminary.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Source: State of California Employment Development Department.

### DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC INFORMATION – TOP TEN PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS IN ALAMEDA COUNTY CURRENT YEAR AND TEN PRIOR YEARS

		Fiscal Year Ending June 30: 2013 <sup>1</sup>		
Employer	Type of Business	Rank	Number of Employees	Percentage of Employment
University of California, Berkeley	Education	1	13,326	1.84%
Kaiser Permanente	Health/Medical	2	10,914	1.51%
County of Alameda	Local Government	3	8,055	1.11%
Safeway, Inc.	Food	4	7,599	1.05%
Oakland Unified School District	Local Government	5	7,200	0.99%
Lawrence Livermore Lab	Energy Development and Conservation	6	7,000	0.97%
Lawrence Berkeley Lab	Energy Development and Conservation	7	6,000	0.83%
U.S. Postal Service	Postal Service	8	4,788	0.66%
City of Oakland	Local Government	9	4,047	0.56%
Edy's Grand Ice Cream	Food	10	3,700	0.51%
			72,629	

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:

2003 <sup>2</sup>

				Percentage
			Number of	of
Employer	Type of Business	Rank	Employees	Employment
University of California, Berkeley	Education	1	21,035	3.00%
Kaiser Permanente	Health/Medical	2	19,862	2.83%
State of California	State Government	4	7,600	1.08%
Safeway Inc.	Food	5	7,196	1.02%
County of Alameda	Local Government	3	8,939	1.27%
Lawrence Livermore Lab	Energy Development and Conservation	8	5,725	0.82%
United States Postal Service	Postal Service	7	6,000	0.85%
Wells Fargo Bank	Financial Services	12	4,659	0.66%
City of Oakland	Local Government	13	4,248	0.60%
Alta Bates Summit Medical Center	Hospitals	10	5,000	0.71%
			90,264	

Note: Data pertaining to principal employers for 2004 is not available.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source: East Bay EDA, total employment of 724,240 is used to calculate the percentage of employment.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Source County of Alameda CAFR: The number of employees, except for County of Alameda and City of Oakland, include Alameda County and Contra Costa County employees. Total employment within County of Alameda is unavailable.

### **OPERATING INFORMATION – EMPLOYEES** LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30:		
Function	2013	2012	
Executive	1.00	1.00	
Administration	5.00	6.00	
Finance	7.00	7.00	
Policy, Public Affairs and Legislation	2.00	2.00	
Planning	4.00	3.00	
Program and Projects	6.00	5.00	
<b>Total Employees</b>	25.00	24.00	

Note: Alameda CTC is a Joint Powers Agency established in July 2010, effectively merging the Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority and the Alameda County Congestion Management Agency, who delegated all of their assets, liabilities, powers, functions, and responsibilities to the Alameda CTC. Alameda CTC produced their first financial report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Due to the formation of the Alameda CTC a 10 year trend analysis is not available.

### **OPERATING INFORMATION – PROGRAM REVENUES LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS**

	Fiscal Year H	Fiscal Year Ending June 30:		
	2013	2012		
Federal Revenue	\$ 5,774,570	\$ 3,195,946		
State Revenue	12,007,467	24,707,698		
Regional Measure Revenue	3,049,072	4,356,559		
Local Revenue	15,332,427	22,895,096		
	\$ 36,163,536	\$ 55,155,299		

Note: Alameda CTC is a Joint Powers Agency established in July 2010, effectively merging the Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority and the Alameda County Congestion Management Agency, who delegated all of their assets, liabilities, powers, functions, and responsibilities to the Alameda CTC. Alameda CTC produced their first financial report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Due to the recent formation of the Alameda CTC a 10 year trend analysis is not available.

# **OPERATING INFORMATION – CAPITAL ASSETS LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS**

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30:		
	2013	2012	
Capital assets, being depreciated			
Furniture and Fixtures	\$ 103,384	\$ 103,384	
Office Equipment	513,121	573,437	
Leasehold Improvements	385,281	385,281	
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,001,786	1,062,102	
Less accumulated depreciation Furniture and Fixtures Office Equipment Leasehold Improvements	(103,383) (469,213) (378,558)	(95,558) (514,800) (341,045)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(951,154)	(951,403)	
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 50,632	\$ 110,699	

Note: Alameda CTC is a Joint Powers Agency established in July 2010, effectively merging the Alameda County Transportation Improvement Authority and the Alameda County Congestion Management Agency, who delegated all of their assets, liabilities, powers, functions, and responsibilities to the Alameda CTC. Alameda CTC produced their first financial report for fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. Due to the formation of the Alameda CTC a 10 year trend analysis is not available.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Governing Board Alameda County Transportation Commission Oakland, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Alameda County Transportation Commission (Alameda CTC) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Alameda CTC's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 5, 2013.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Alameda CTC's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Alameda CTC's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Alameda CTC's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Alameda CTC's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. Our audit was further made to determine that Public Transportation Modernization, Improvement, and Service Enhancement Account (PTMISEA) funds allocated to and received by Alameda CTC were expended in conformance with the applicable statutes, rules and regulations of the Transportation Development Act as required by Section 6667 of Title 21 of the California Code of Regulations. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Alameda CTC's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Varinek, Trine, Day & Co. LLP

Palo Alto, California December 5, 2013



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Governing Board Alameda County Transportation Commission Oakland, California

#### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Alameda County Transportation Commission's (Alameda CTC) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the Alameda CTC's major Federal program for the year ended June 30, 2013. The major Federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its Federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for the Alameda CTC's major Federal program based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major Federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for the major Federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Alameda CTC's compliance.

#### **Opinion on the Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, Alameda CTC complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major Federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of the Alameda CTC is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Alameda CTC's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on the major Federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major Federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Alameda CTC internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a Federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Varinek, Trine, Day & Co. LLP

Palo Alto, California December 5, 2013

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

## SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		
Type of auditor's report issued:		Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:		
Material weaknesses identified?		None
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements no	ted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS		
Internal control over major programs:		
Material weaknesses identified?		None
Significant deficiencies identified?		None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:		Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be Section .510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?	e reported in accordance with	None
Identification of major programs:		
CFDA Number	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u> ARRA - Highway Planning	
20.205 (Includes ARRA)	and Construction	
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	A and Type B programs:	\$ 300,000 No

## FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

None reported.

## FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

None reported.

### SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

None reported.